KORESPONDEN: UTILIZATION OF Uncaria gambir Roxb FILTRATE IN THE FORMATION OF BIOACTIVE EDIBLE FILM BASED ON CORN STARCH

		ACTION	STATUS	ID	TITLE	SUBMITTED	DECISIONED			
	Author Dashboard		ADM: Luis Alves, Marcos	CTA-2020-	THE ROLE OF GAMBIR FILTRATE AND	17-Apr-2020	09-Jul-2020			
	13 Manuscripts with Decisions		 Reject (09-Jul- 	0036	RED PALM OIL IN THE FORMATION OF GANYONG STARCH BASED-	11-10-020	00-041-2020			
	Start New Submission		2020) Archiving completed on		FUNCTIONAL EDIBLE FILM Files Archived @					
	Legacy Instructions		08-Oct-2020 view decision letter							
	5 Most Recent E-mails		Contact Journal	CTA-2018-	UTILIZATION OF Uncaria gambir Roxb	03-Jul-2018	03-Sep-2018			
			 Accept (03-Sep- 2018) Archiving completed on 	0063.R1	FILTRATE IN THE FORMATION OF BIOACTIVE EDIBLE FILMS BASED ON CORN STARCH Files Archived @					
			03-Mar-2019 view decision letter ☑ Contact Journal							
		a revision has been submitted (CTA-2018- 0063.R1)	ADM: Luis Alves, Marcos Minor Revision (06-Jun-2018)	CTA-2018- 0063	UTILIZATION OF Uncaria gambir Roxb FILTRATE IN THE FORMATION OF BIOACTIVE EDIBLE FILMS BASED ON CORN STARCH Files Archived @	26-Mar-2018	06-Jun-2018			
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Recommendation: Minor Revision	
Comments: The discussion has been made corprehensively, but in this discussion the author tends to consider that the gambier filtrate with catechins. It is not appropriate, since in this study the levels of catechins in gambier filtrate was never mease. The author needs to take into consideration the following information: 1. Gambier has major components namely catechin and tannin. The raw Gambir used in this study containing 40.35-61.3% catechins and 19.6.7% tannins (Gastri Yeni, International Journal of Applied Engineering Research ISSN 0973-4552 volume 9. Number 24 (2014) pp. 24552-24578. 2.Pure Catechins is difficult to dissolve in cide vater but easily dissolve in hot water (Markham, 1998 and Nazir, 2000). In the other hand Tannin is dissolve easily in cold water.	ured.
Additional Questions: Does the manuscript contain new and significant information to justify publication? Yes	
Does the Abstract (Summary) clearly and accurately describe the content of the article?: Yes	
Is the problem significant and concisely stated?: Yes	
Are the methods described comprehensively?: Yes	
Are the interpretations and conclusions justified by the results?: Yes	
Is adequate reference made to other work in the field?: Yes	
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Recommendation: Minor Revision	
Comments: In table 1 the precision of the numbers should be checked; e.g. ICS0 of 413.25 ppm or a DDH of 7.08 mm or a water tramission rate of 20.9993 - how can this be measured?	
The material and methods part should include the analytical methods.	
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Originality: 1. Excellent	
Overall: 1. Excellent	
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Utilization of *Uncaria gambir* Roxb filtrate in the formation of bioactive edible films based on corn starch

Budi SANTOSO¹, Ranti HAZIRAH¹, Gatot PRIYANTO¹, dan Hermanto HERMANTO¹, dan Sugito SUGITO¹ [[Q1: Q1]]

Abstract

The objective of this research was to determine the effect of Uncaria gambir Roxb filtrate addition on functional edible films based on corn starch. This study used a Factorial Randomized Completely Design with two treatments and three replication for each treatment. The first factor was the concentration of Uncaria gambir Roxb filtrate (20%, 30%, 40%) and the second factor was the mixing separation method (filtering, centrifuge 1000 rpm, centrifuge 2000 rpm). The results showed that treatment of Uncaria gambir Roxb filtrate and the mixing separation method had significant effect on thickness, elongation percentage, water vapour transmission rate, antioxidant and antibacterial activities of edible film. The interaction of Uncaria gambir Roxb filtrate and the mixing separation method had significant effect on water vapour transmission rate. The best treatment based on edible film characteristics was 40% concentration of Uncaria gambir Roxb filtrate and the mixed separation method of 1000 rpm centrifugation.

Keywords: corn starch; edible film; filtrate; *Uncaria gambir* Roxby. Practical Application: *Edible films* applied on food products that play an important *role* on their conservation, distribution and marketing.

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1 Introduction

Bioactive edible film is thin layer made from biopolymer constituents such as starch, protein and lipid that has function as food product packaging and contains natural functional compound. Researches on *bioactive edible film* had continously increasing, especially in term of natural functional compound used for its processing. Maizura et al. (2007) had described that the use of lemongrass at concentration of 0.1 to 0.4% in *edible film* formula based on modified cassava starch had produced edible film that capable to inhibit the growth of *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 bacteria. Pranoto et al. (2005) had stated that incorporation of garlic oil with magnitude of 0.4% (v/v) in formula of alginate-based edible film can inhibit bacteria of *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Bacillus cereus*. Edible film with formulation of 3% corn starch concentration and 7% *Curcuma aeruginosa* Roxb squeeze concentration contains total phenol of 555.16 µg/g and antioxidant activity of 52.10% (Kusumawati & Putri, 2013). The addition of 150 mg catechin compound on *Gelidium corneum* (GC)-based edible film can inhibit microbia growth of *Eschericha coli* 01.4% log CFU/g on sausage (Ku et al., 2008).

According to Taniguchi et al. (2007), gambier leaves extract contains catechins compound in the range of 28 to 54%. Pambayun et al. (2007) had described that catechins compound in gambier leaves extract had antibacterial characteristic especially for Gram-positive bacteria. Santoso et al. (2016) had reported that ganyong starch-based edible film containing 3% (w/v) gambier powder could inhibit the growth of *Staphylococcus aureus* bacteria with inhibition power diameter (IPD) of 8.2 mm. The IPD value from this research was still low and can be elevated by increasing gambier powder quantity in edible film formulation. However, gambier powder addition higher than 3% (w/v) had produced negative impact on edible film. Edible film had dark brown color, became thicker and had low elasticity due to this negative impact which in turn it could not fulfill the stated standard. The use of gambier powder is replaced with gambier powder filtrate in order to overcome the above negative impact.

Gambier filtrate is produced by dissolving gambier powder in water followed by stirring and mixture separation into liquid (filtrate) and gambier oilcake. Separation process for gambier filtrate is done through filtration and centrifugation. Filtration is a separation method to separate solid zat from liquid by using porous equipment based on particle size differences. Centrifugation is used as substitute to filtration if solid particles are very fine and mixture volume is less. The use of gambier filtrate with high concentration of catechins compound and low solid content in edible film formulation have positive impact in increasing antibacterial and antioxidant characteristics as well as have no negative impact to physical and chemical characteristics of edible film.

2 Material and methods

Equipments used in this study were *hot plate, magnetic stirrer, vortex*, oven, desicator, Haze meter serie NDH-200 of Nipon Denshoku Kogyo Co Ltd, micrometer (Roch) (A281500504, Sisaku SHO Ltd, Japan), Testing Machine MPY (Type: PA-104-30, Ltd Tokyo, Japan), and water vapor transmission rate tester Bergerlahr.

Materials used in this research were as follows: clean water, aquadest, ingredients for analysis, gambier (*Uncaria gambir* Roxb) obtained from Km 5 Market of Palembang, 5) glycerol, 6) HPMC (*Hydroxy propyl methyl cellulose*), 7) bacterial culture of *Stapylococcus aereus*, 8) *nutrient agar* (NA) and 9) corn starch.

2.1 Processing of gambier powder filtrate

Dry gambier powder is crushed until fine using mortar and subsequently is sieved using 80 mesh siever. Weighing of fine gambier powder according to treatments (20%, 30% and 40% (w/v)) and then put it into volumetric glass and added with aquadest until 100 mL boundary mark. The suspension is stirred by using magnetic stirrer for 10 minutes and sieving was done according to the method of treatments (sieve paper, *centrifugation* at 1000 rpm and *centrifugation* at 2000 rpm) and followed by filtrate collection.

2.2 Edible film processing (Modified from Harmely et al., 2014)

Corn stach with magnitude of 6% (w/v) is added with 100 mL aquadest and followed by stirring operation. Starch suspension is heated at temperature of about 60 °C while stirring until complete gelatinization is occurred. HPMC with magnitude of 1.6 g is put into 80 mL hot water and mixed into 100 mL starch suspension. Glycerol with magnitude of 3% (v/v) is added while stirring at temperature of about 60 °C followed by gambier filtrate addition with magnitude of 5% (v/v.final) according to treatments and subsequently is stirred until homogenous. Suspension is poured and leveled into the mould followed by drying in oven at temperature of 45 to 50 °C for 24 hours. After drying operation, edible film is put into dessicator for 6 hours. Finally, edible film is released from the mould and it is ready for analysis.

2.3 Experimental design and statistical analysis

This research used Factorial Randomized Completely Design with two treatment factors consisting of filtrate with gambier powder concentration (A): $A_1 = 20\%$, $A_2 = 30\%$ and $A_3 = 40\%(w/v)$ and mixed separation method (B): $B_1 =$ sieve paper, $B_2 =$ centrifugation at 1000 rpm and $B_3 =$ centrifugation at 2000 rpm. The observed parameters were consisted of physical analysis: edible film thickness (American Society for Testing and Materials, 1997), elongation percentage of edible film (American Society for Testing and Materials, 1997), water vapour transmission rate (American Society for Testing and Materials, 1997). Chemical analysis: water content (American Society for Testing and Materials, 1997) and total phenol content (Chaovanalikit & Wrolstad, 2004) and functional analysis: antioxidant (DPPH method) and antibacterial (Hamilton-Miller & Shah, 2000). Data will be processed by using analysis of variance (Anova). Treatments having significant effect will be further analyzed by using Honestly Significant Different (HSD) test at 5% level.

3 Results and discussion

3.1 Thickness

Average thickness of the produced edible film was in the range of 0.097 mm to 0.143 mm and had fulfilled the standard of JIS 1975 which stated that maximum thickness for edible film is 0.25 mm. The highest thickness value of edible film was found on A_3B_2 treatment, whereas the lowest one was found on A_1B_1 treatment. Average value of edible film thickness was shown in Figure 1.

Analysis of variance results showed that treatments of gambier filtrate and mixed separation method had significant effect on edible film thickness, whereas treatment interaction had no significant effect on edible film thickness. Results of HSD test for treatments of gambier powder filtrate and mixed separation method were shown in Table 1 and Table, respectively.

Results of HSD test (Table 1) showed that higher addition of gambier powder filtrate results in thicker edible film. This is due to the fact that gambier powder filtrate contain catechins which is not easily soluble in cold water, but it is only soluble in hot water and develop crystal at dry condition. Crystalic form of catechins compound at dry condition is the dissolved solids in edible film. Higher gambier powder filtrate will cause higher numbers of crystal within film matrix which in turn produce higher concentration of dissolved solids in edible film resulting in increase of edible film thickness. This finding is in accordance to the research that was reported by Santoso (2011) which showed that higher usage of gambier powder results in higher thickness of edible film.

Table 2 showed that edible film thickness with mixed separation method by using sieve paper was lower than mixed separation method by using centrifugation at 1000 rpm or 2000 rpm. This is due to the fact that separation using filter paper in principle separate liquid and insoluble solids based on the different of particles size of mixture substance. Thus, only dissolved solids which are available in gambier powder filtrate. Centrifugation separation method is only based on the separated fine particles and not separates dissolved or undissolved solids so that filtrate obtained from centrifugation separation contains dissolved or undissolved solids. Total solid content in filtrate affects the increase of edible film thickness. Park et al. (2004) had described that edible film thickness is affected by total solid available within suspension, solution volume and mould area used for edible film processing.

3.2 Elongation percentage

Average value of elongation percentage for edible film was in the range of 13.33% to 16.67%. Elongation percentage for edible film produced in this research was not fulfill the JIS 1975 standard which requires minimum of 70% elongation percentage for edible film. This is due to the fact that corn starch used in this research contains high amylose component. The highest elongation percentage for edible film was found on A_3B_2 treatment, whereas the lowest one was found on A_1B_1 treatment. Average value of elongation percentage for edible film was shown in Figure 2.

Analysis of variance results showed that treatments of gambier filtrate and mixed separation method had significant effect on elongation percentage of edible film, whereas interaction of both treatments had no significant effect on elongation percentage of edible film. Results of HSD test for treatments of gambier powder filtrate and mixed separation method toward elongation percentage of edible film were shown in Table 1 and Table, respectively.

Elongation percentage of edible film was increased in accordance to concentration increase of gambier powder filtrate (**Table I**) because gambier powder filtrate contains catechins compound which have active group of hydroxyl (OH). The higher the concentration of gambier powder filtrate, the higher the numbers of OH group which are trapped within edible film matrix. The trapped OH group can results in cohesive power decrease of edible film matrix which in turn affect the elasticity of edible film. According to Rodriguez et al. (2006), glycerol which contain high numbers of hydroxyl (OH) gugus in matrix system of edible film can increase water vapour transmission rate and elongation percentage of edible film.

HSD test results (Table 2) showed that mixed separation method by using filter paper had lower elongation percentage than that of mixed separation method by using centrifugation. This is related to catechins compound available in gambier filtrate which have semi polar characteristics. Therefore, gambier powder filtrate obtained from mixed separation method by using filtr paper only has dissolved catchins compound, whereas gambier powder filtrate obtained from mixed separation method by using centrifugation method has both dissolved and undissolved catechins compound resulting in higher catechins compound concentration.

3.3 Water vapour transmission rate

Average value of water vapour transmission rate for edible film was in the range of 20.2306 to 22.2432 g.m⁻².day⁻¹. The highest value of water vapour transmission rate for edible film was found on A_3B_2 treatment, whereas the lowest one was found on A_1B_1 treatment. Average value of water vapour transmission rate for edible film was shown in Figure 3.

Analysis of variance results showed that treatments of gambier powder filtrate concentration and mixed separation method as well as their interaction had significant effect on water vapour transmission rate of edible film. Results of HSD test for treatments of gambier powder filtrate concentration and mixed separation method toward water vapour transmission rate of edible film were shown in Table 1 and Table 2, respectively.

HSD test results (Table 1) showed that higher concentration of gambier powder filtrate results in higher water vapour transmission rate of edible film. This is related to numbers of catechins compound, that is higher concentation of gambier filtrate results in higher numbers of catechins compound within film matrix. Catechins compound containing high numbers of hydroxyl (OH) group causes edible film to have hydrophylic property which in turn affect the increase of water vapour transmission rate of edible film. Sobral et al. (2001) had described that glycerol content in edible film formulation has significant effect on the increase of water vapour transmission rate.

HSD test results (Table 2) showed that water vapour transmission rate of edible film using treatments of mixed separation method with 1000 rpm centrifugation and 2000 rpm centrifugation was significantly different than that of mixed separation method using filter paper. It is estimated that differences in mixed separation method cause differences in catechins content available in edible film. The higher numbers of catechins in edible film will results in higher numbers of hydroxyl (OH) group at edible amongst polymers, increase of free space amongst polymers and increase of polymers mobility. These effects in turn cause the decrease of matrix structural integrity of film and have impact on the increase of water vapour transmission rate of edible film.

Table 3 (HSD) showed that treatments interaction of 20% gambier filtrate cocentration and mixed separation method using filter paper had produced edible film having the lowest average value of water vapour transmission rate. It is due to the fact that A_1B_1 treatment had the lowest catechins content than other treatments. Low concentration of catechins content within edible film matrix has effect on the decrease of water vapour transmission rate because catechin compound contributes OH group which affect hydrophilic increase of edible film. According to Nemet et al. (2010), glycerol with its hydroxyl gugus affects the increase of water vapour transmission rate.

3.4 Antioxidant

The highest IC₅₀ value of *edible film* was found on A_1B_1 treatment with magnitude of 258.14 ppm, whereas the lowest one was found on A_3B_2 treatment with magnitude of 469.32 ppm. The IC₅₀ value is inversely proportional to damping potential of free radical. Low IC₅₀ value found in this research cause higher potential of antioxidant activity, that is edible film concentration required to produce damping activity of free radicals with magnitude of 50% become smaller (Molyneux, 2004). Average value of IC₅₀ was shown in Figure 4.

Analysis of variance results showed that treatments of gambier powder filtrate concentration and mixed separation method had significant effect on IC_{50} of edible film, whereas interaction of both treatments had no significant effect on IC_{50} of edible film. Results of HSD test for treatments of gambier powder filtrate concentration and mixed separation method toward IC_{50} value of edible film were shown in Table 1 and 2, respectively.

HSD test (Table 1) results showed that higher concentration of gambier powder filtrate in edible film matrix results in lower IC_{50} value, that is higher concentration of gambier powder filtrate results in higher antioxidant characteristic of edible film. This is due to the fact that catechins compound in gambier powder filtrate has antioxidant characteristic. Gambier extract contains catechins as the main component and catechins is a polyphenol compound that has potential as antioxidant and antibacteria (Lucida et al., 2007). Pambayun (2007) [[Q3: Q3]] had stated that gambeir powder extracted with water solvent at 30 °C produces 45% yield of extracts in phenolic contents and antibacterial properties.

Table 2 showed that mixed separation method by using 1000 rpm centrifugation had higher antioxidant activity than that of other treatments. This is related to numbers of catechins compound available in gambier powder filtrate. Separation method by using 1000 rpm centrifugation had higher catechin compound concentration within filtrate because soluble and insoluble components are followed by filtrate, whereas only soluble solid which enter into filtrate in case of separation method by using filter paper and centrifugation at 2000 rpm. These physical differences can be seen from filtrate color, that is filtrate produced from separation method by using 1000 rpm centrifugation was clearer than that of two other treatments.

3.5 Antibacterial activity

Test of antibacterial activity was done by using disc method with *Staphylococcus aureus* as test bacteria. Average value of clear zone or inhibition power diameter (IPD) produced was in the range of 6.67 to 7.67 mm. Average value of inhibition power diameter (IPD) was shown in Figure 5.

Analysis of variance results showed that treatments of gambier powder filtrate concentration and mixed separation method had significant effect on inhibition power diameter (IPD) of edible film, whereas interaction of both treatments had no significant effect on inhibition power diameter (IPD) of edible film. Results of HSD test for treatments of gambier powder filtrate concentration and mixed separation method toward inhibition power diameter (IPD) of edible film were shown in Table 1 and 2, respectively.

HSD test (Table 1) showed that higher concentration of gambier powder filtrate results in higher antibacterial activity of edible film. This is due to the fact that gambier filtrate contains catechins compound which pose antibacterial characteristic. According to Pambayun et al. (2012), catechins compound within commercial gambier product can inhibit Gram-positive bacteria through inhibition property as bactericidal.

Table 2 showed that treatment of mixed separation method at 1000 rpm centrifugation had higher antibacterial characteristic than that of other treatments. This is in accordance to antioxidant characteristic of the produced edible film. The higher the antioxidant, the higher the antibacterial characteristic because catechins compound has antibacterial and antioxidant characteristics.

4 Conclusion

Corn starch-based edible film added with gambier filtrate has antibacterial and antioxidant characteristics. The best treatment based on physical, chemical and functional characteristics was 40% concentration of Uncaria gambir Roxb filtrate and the mixed separation method of 1000 rpm centrifugation.

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Table 1. HSD test for gambier powder filtrate in term of thickness, elongation percentage, water vapour transmission rate, IC_{50} and inhibition power diameter (IPD) of the produced edible film.

n)
71a
3ab
26b
7

Remarks: Numbers followed by the same letters at the same columns are not significantly different (α =0.05).

Table 2. HSD test for mixed separation method in term of thickness, elongation percentage, water vapour transmission rate, total phenol, IC₅₀ and inhibition power diameter (IPD) of produced edible film.

P *						
	Mixed	Thickness	Thickness Elongation		IC ₅₀ (ppm)	IPD (mm)
	separation	(mm)	percentage (%)	transmission rate		
_	method			(g.m ⁻² .day ⁻¹)		
	B_1	0.101 <u>+</u> 0.005a	13.67 <u>+</u> 0.333a	20.85 <u>+</u> 0.805a	419.16 <u>+</u> 44.511a	6.83 <u>+</u> 0.192a
	B_2	0.137 <u>+</u> 0.001c	16.11 <u>+</u> 0.509b	21.92 <u>+</u> 0.315c	304.35 <u>+</u> 47.426c	7.56 <u>+</u> 0.509c

Remarks: Numbers followed by the same letters at the same columns are not significantly different (α =0.05).

Treatment	Average	HSD 5% = 0.30	
A_1B_1	20.23 <u>+</u> 0.131	а	
A_2B_1	20.57 <u>+</u> 0.064	В	
A_3B_1	20.88 <u>+</u> 0.063	с	
A_1B_3	21.15 <u>+</u> 0.094	с	
A_2B_3	21.4675 <u>+</u> 0.036	d	
A_3B_3	21.6142 <u>+</u> 0.182	de	
A_1B_2	21.7610 <u>+</u> 0.062	de	
A_2B_2	21.9077 <u>+</u> 0.158	e	
A_3B_2	22.2431 <u>+</u> 0.036	f	

Table 3. HSD test for the effect of gambier powder filtrate concentration and mixed separation method on water vapour transmission rate (g.m⁻².day⁻¹) of *edible film*.

Remarks: Numbers followed by the same letters at the same columns are not significantly different (α =0.05). Figure 1. Average thickness of *edible film* (mm).

Figure 2. Average value of elongation percentage of *edible film*.

Figure 3. Average value of water vapour transmission rate of edible film.

Figure 4. Average value of IC₅₀ of *edible film*.

Figure 5. Average value of inhibition power diameter of edible film.

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