

PROCEEDINGS

2021 8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics

October 20-21, 2021 Semarang - Indonesia

Organized By:



Powered By:



Technical Sponsorship By:



Supported By:



















PROCEEDINGS

8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics (EECSI) 2021

> October 20-21, 2021 Semarang – Indonesia (Virtual Conference)

Editors:

Auzani Jiddin (UTeM, Malaysia) M Amjad (Islamia University of Bahawalpur, Pakistan) Imam MI Subroto (UNISSULA, Indonesia) Mochammad Facta (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia)

PROCEEDINGS

8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, ComputerScience and Informatics (EECSI) 2021



Copyright © 2021 Institute of Advanced Engineering and Science (IAES) All Rights Reserved

***This publication is a representation of what appears in the IEEE Digital Libraries. Some format issues inherent in the e-media version may also appear in this print version.

IEEE Catalog Number: CFP21B51-PRT, ISBN : 978-623-6264-19-5 (PRINT)
IEEE Catalog Number: CFP21B51-ART, ISBN : 978-623-6264-20-1 (DIGITAL/

XPLORE COMPLIANT)

Additional Copies of This Publication Are Available From:

Curran Associates, Inc 57 Morehouse Lane Red Hook, NY 12571 USA Phone: (845) 758-0400

Fax: (845) 758-2633

E-mail: curran@proceedings.com Web: www.proceedings.com

Opening Speech - EECSI 2021

Assalamu'alaikum Warrohmatullohi Wabarokatuh.

In the name of Allah, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

Praise and gratitude to Allah, God Almighty who keeps granting us His grace, gifts and guidance, as well as the implementation of the 8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics 2021 (EECSI 2021) hosted by Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) Semarang, Indonesia. The conference theme this year is interesting; "Bridge Toward Industrial Revolution 4.0 and Its Applications on Electrical, Electronics, Computer Science and Informatics for Humanity". The event is intended to provide technical forum and research discussion related to advanced engineering on electrical & electronics, computer science and informatics. The conference is aimed to bring researchers, academicians, scientists, students, engineers and practitioners together to participate and present their latest research findings, developments and applications related to the various aspects of electrical, electronics, power electronics, instrumentation, control, robotics, computer & telecommunication engineering, signal, image & video processing, soft computing, computer science and informatics.

Hereby, I would like to congratulate the Industrial Technology Faculty, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung Semarang for their effort in organizing the 2021 8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics (EECSI 2021). My highest appreciation is also addressed to all coorganizers such as Universitas Diponegoro, Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Universitas Sriwijaya, Universitas Budi Luhur, and Universiti Teknologi Malaysia for their support in this mutual collaboration. Without the full and valuable supports from the international committee, international reviewers, and steering committee, this international conference remains a detached discourse without high commitment to conduct.

My deepest gratitude is also devoted to IEEE Indonesia Section and IAES Indonesia Section for their support as the sponsors and technical co-sponsorship, respectively. Expectantly, this would be the initial and continual collaboration in the future.

To all speakers, presenters, and participants, thank you for participating and welcome to this conference. The success of this conference owes so much on your participation and contribution in promoting the knowledge, information, and robust creativity. To end with, this conference expectedly becomes an arena to build mutual ties among the academicians, researchers, industries, and society.

All the best to EECSI 2021

Wassalamu'alaikum Warrohmatullohi Wabarokatuh.

Drs. H. Bejo Santoso, M.T., Ph.D

Rector Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) Semarang, Indonesia

Foreword from General Chair EECSI 2021

In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Welcome to the 8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics (EECSI 2021). The 8th EECSI 2021 provides platform for researchers, academicians, professionals, and students from various engineering fields and with cross-disciplinary working or interested in the field of Electrical Engineering, Computer Science, and Informatics to share and to show their works and findings to the world.

This year, the conference is held virtually, due to the pandemic issue which prevent authors and participants to travel. I would like to express my hearty gratitude to all participants for sharing and presenting your experiences in this virtual conference. Only high-quality selected papers are accepted to be presented in this event, so we are also thankful to all the international reviewers and steering committee for their valuable work. I would like to give a compliment to all partners in publications and sponsorships for their valuable supports.

Organizing such an prestigious conference was incredibly challenging and would have been impossible without our outstanding committee, so I would like to extend my sincere appreciation to all committees and volunteers from Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) as a host and all colleagues from Universitas Diponegoro, Universitas Sriwijaya, Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, Universitas Budi Luhur and IAES Indonesia Section for providing me with much needed support, advice, and assistance on all aspects of the conference. A special thanks for IEEE Indonesia Section for the technical cosponsorship during the conference. We do hope that this event will encourage the collaboration among us now and in the future.

We wish you all find opportunity to get rewarding technical program, intellectual inspiration and forge innovation. Stay at home, stay safe, and be productive.



Arief Marwanto, Ph.D General Chair, EECSI 2021

Foreword from IAES Indonesia Section

Bismillahirrohmannirrahim, Assalamualaykum warohmatullahi wabarakatuh and Good Day, Ladies and Gentlemen.

We would like to welcome our colleagues to attend the International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics (EECSI 2021) on 20-21 October 2020.

I hope this event will become a great event for researchers, engineers and professionals to strengthen ties and partnerships and their findings and development to the world in the field of electrical, computer, and informatics. This year, the conference is held virtually using Zoom Conference platform, however, I believe the quality of conference can be maintained in the high level.

Institute Advanced Engineering and Science (IAES) collaborating with Universitas Diponegoro, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Universitas Sriwijaya, Universitas Budi Luhur and Universiti Teknologi Malaysia as several tops universities have successfully organized the conference six times since year 2014. This achievement is due to valuable contributions also from our colleagues from Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA). I would like to express my sincere gratitude and appreciation for all partners, friends, organizing committee, reviewers, keynote speakers, and participants who have made this event as a key stage to show great development to the world as today.

I would also like to extend my gratitude to Rector of Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA), academia and supporting staffs who become a main host and IEEE Indonesia section as a technical co-sponsor for EECSI 2021.

Stay safe, and stay strong.

Thank you.

<u>Assoc.Prof. Mochammad Facta, Ph.D</u> IAES – Indonesia Chapter

Organizing Committee EECSI 2021

Advisor

- Novi Marlyana, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia
- Pekik Argo Dahono, IEEE Indonesia Chapters Chair (EdSoc/EDS/PELS/SPS)
- Muchlas, Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Yogyakarta, Indonesia
- Hermawan, Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Indonesia
- Zainudin Nawawi, Universitas Sriwijaya, Palembang, Indonesia
- Rahmat Budiarto, Albaha University, Baha, Saudi Arabia
- Deni Mahdiana, Universitas Budi Luhur, Jakarta, Indonesia
- Andre Sugiyono, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia

General Chair

Arief Marwanto, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia

General Co-Chair

Deris Stiawan, Universitas Sriwijaya, Palembang, Indonesia

Finance Chairs and Treasurer

- Wiwiek Fatmawati, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia
- Agus Adhi Nugroho, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia

Program Chairs

- Imam Much Ibnu Subroto, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia
- Munawar A Riyadi, Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Indonesia
- Mochammad Facta, Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Indonesia

Publication Chairs

- Andi Riansyah, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia
- Jenny Putri Hapsari, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia
- Munaf Ismail, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia
- Indah Setiawati, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia
- Rino Purwanto, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Semarang, Indonesia
- Riky Dwi Puriyanto, Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Yogyakarta, Indonesia
- Indra Riyanto, Universitas Budi Luhur, Jakarta, Indonesia
- Aina Musdholifah, Universitas Gadjah Mada, Yogyakarta, Indonesia

Technical Program Committee

Chairs

- Munawar A Riyadi, Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Indonesia
- Imam Much Ibnu Subroto, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia
- Mochammad Facta, Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Indonesia
- Tole Sutikno, Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Yogyakarta, Indonesia

Members

- Nor Azizah Ali(University Technology Malaysia, Malaysia)
- Hatim Anas(Cadi Ayyad University, ENSA Marrakech, Morocco)
- Radu Arsinte(Technical University of Cluj-Napoca, Romania)
- · Carlos Astudillo(State University of Campinas, Brazil)
- Muhammad Sohaib Ayub(Lahore University of Management Sciences, Pakistan)
- Eduard Babulak(Liberty University, USA)
- Bakhyt Bakiyev(Suleyman Demirel University, Kazakhstan)
- Douglas Bertol(Universidade do Estado de Santa Catarina, Brazil)
- Anamiya Bhattacharya(Indian Space Research Organization, India)
- Sergey Biryuchinskiy(Vigitek, Inc., USA)
- César Cárdenas (Tecnológico de Monterrey Campus Guadalajara, Mexico)
- Arcangelo Castiglione(University of Salerno, Italy)
- Chi-Yuan Chen(National Ilan University, Taiwan)
- Young Mo Chung(Hansung University, Korea (South))
- · Paolo Crippa(Università Politecnica delle Marche, Italy)
- Sorin Ioan Deaconu(Politechnica University Timisoara, Romania)
- Giuseppe Di Lucca(University of Sannio, Italy)
- Luca Di Nunzio(University of Rome "Tor Vergata", Italy)
- Mochammad Facta(Diponegoro University, Indonesia)
- Mihai Gavrilas(Technical University of Iasi, Romania)
- Abdelfatteh Haidine(ENSA El Jadida University Chouaib Doukkali, Morocco)
- Zulfatman Has(University of Muhammadiyah Malang, Indonesia)
- Rini Hasanah(Brawijaya University, Indonesia)
- Yasin Kabalci(Nigde Omer Halisdemir University, Turkey)
- Dimitrios Kallergis(University of West Attica, Greece)
- Inderpreet Kaur(Director IGEN Edu Solutions India, India)
- Mohammad Sadegh Kayhani Pirdeh(University of Oulu, Finland)
- Nor Hisham Khamis(Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)
- M. Fahim Khan(The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Sandeep Kumar(Central Research Laboratory, Bharat Electronics Ltd., India)

Reviewers

- Eduard Babulak (Liberty University, USA)
- Ali Othman Al Janaby (Ninevah University, Iraq)
- Mohammed Alghamdi (Al-Baha University, Saudi Arabia)
- Ahmed Alsheikhy (Northern Border University, Saudi Arabia)
- S Kannadhasan (Cheran College of Engineering, India)
- Chutisant Kerdvibulvech (National Institute of Development Administration, Thailand)
- Karim Hashim Al-Saedi (Mustansiriyah University, Iraq)
- Manilal Amipara (Gujarat Technological University, India)
- Giuseppe De Francesco (Global Shares, Ireland)
- Alireza Ghasempour (ICT Faculty, USA)
- Renaldi Gondosubroto (GReS Studio, Indonesia)
- Duy C Huynh (Ho Chi Minh City University of Technology (HUTECH), Vietnam)
- Fakrulradzi Idris (Universiti Teknikal Malaysia Melaka, Malaysia)
- Jin Jin (University of Toronto, Canada)
- Mohd Azhar Abdul Razak (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)
- Antar Shaddad Hamed Abdul-Qawy (Faculty of Science, SUMAIT University, Zanzibar, Tanzania)
- Duy Huynh(Ho Chi Minh City University of Technology (HUTECH), Vietnam)
- Mohd Ashraf Ahmad (Universiti Malaysia Pahang, Malaysia)
- Srinivas Chandupatla (BITS Pilani, India)
- · Tresna Dewi (Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya, Indonesia)
- Nishant Doshi (PDPU, India)
- Nibal Farman (Univrsity of Baghdad, Iraq)
- Seng Hansun (Universitas Multimedia Nusantara, Indonesia)
- Mehdi Asadi (Islamic Azad University, Khamneh Branch, Iran)
- Rodrigo Campos Bortoletto (Instituto Federal de São Paulo, Brazil)
- Chinmay Chakraborty (Birla Institute of Technology, Mesra, India)
- Paolo Crippa (Università Politecnica delle Marche, Italy)
- Franco Frattolillo (University of Sannio, Italy)
- Antonios Gasteratos (Democritus University of Thrace, Greece)
- Nurzal Effiyana Ghazali (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)
- Larbi Boubchir(University of Paris 8, France)
- Filipe Caldeira(Polytechnic Institute of Viseu, Portugal)
- Shahliza Abd Halim (University of Technology Malaysia, Malaysia)
- Anita Ahmad (University of Technology Malaysia, Malaysia)
- Hamid Alasadi (University of Basra, Iraq)
- Nor Azizah Ali (University Technology Malaysia, Malaysia)
- · Ghada Mohammed Amer (Faculty of Engineering Benha University, Egypt)
- Abhineet Anand (Chitkara University, India)
- Abdul Hameed Abdul Razzaque Ansari (Pune University, India)
- Bakhyt Bakiyev (Suleyman Demirel University, Kazakhstan)
- Hao Hao (RMIT University, Australia)
- Rini Nur Hasanah (Brawijaya University, Indonesia)
- Raveendranathan Kalathil Chellappan (College of Engineering Thiruvananthapuram, India)
- Navneet Agrawal (Maharana Pratap University of Agriculture & Technology, India)
- Yaareb M.Basheer Ismael Al-Khashab (Ministry of Water Resources/Badush Dam, Iraq)
- Ahmed M.T. Ibraheem Al-Naib (Northern Technical University, Iraq)
- Mohammed Mahmood Ali (Osmania University (A I C T E), India)

- Rakan Khalil Antar (Northern Technical University, Iraq)
- Radu Arsinte (Technical University of Cluj-Napoca, Romania)
- Carlos A. Astudillo (State University of Campinas, Brazil)
- Irfan Bahiuddin (Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia)
- Nguyen Bao (University of Technology and Education, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam)
- Alper Bereketli (ASELSAN Inc., Turkey)
- Vikash Bhardwaj (DEWAN VS Group of Institutions, India)
- César Cárdenas (Tecnológico de Monterrey Campus Guadalajara, Mexico)
- Satyananda Champati Rai (Silicon Institute of Technology, Bhubaneswar, India)
- Mayank Chaturvedi (Griffith University, Australia)
- Ahmed Chitnalah (Cadi Ayyad University EST Laboratory, Morocco)
- Christos Chrysoulas (Edinburgh Napier University, United Kingdom (Great Britain))
- Dan Ciulin (E-I-A, Switzerland)
- Silvana Cunha Costa (Instituto Federal de Educação, Ciência e Tecnologia da Paraíba, Brazil)
- Siriporn Dachasilaruk (Naresuan University, Thailand)
- Giuseppe Di Lucca (University of Sannio, Italy)
- Mustapha Djeddou (Military Polytechnic School, Algeria)
- H Kiwan(University of Regina, Canada)
- Ke-Lin Du (Concordia University, Canada)
- Pedro Pablo Garrido Abenza (Miguel Hernández University, Spain)
- Mihai Gavrilas (Technical University of Iasi, Romania)
- Diogo Gomes (Universidade de Aveiro, Portugal)
- Brij Gupta (National Institute of Technology Kurukshetra, India)
- Taghi Javdani Gandomani (Shahrekord University, Iran)
- Normal Mat Jusoh (Azman Hashim International Business School, UTMKL, Malaysia)
- Sandeep Kakde (Y C College of Engineering, India)
- Mohammad Sadegh Kayhani Pirdeh (University of Oulu, Finland)
- Jens Klare (Fraunhofer FHR, Germany)



2021 8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics (EECSI) Program

Wednesday, October 20 8:30 - 11:30

INV: Invited Paper

8:30 90-100GHz Radar for High Precision Foreign Object Debris Detection System: Experience Sharing from Research to Airport Operation

Sevia Mahdaliza Idrus Sutan Nameh (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)

9:30 Automated feature extraction in deep learning models: A boon or a bane?

D. Jude Hemanth (Karunya Institute of Technology and Sciences, India)

10:30 Embedded Machine Learning for the implementation of Autonomous Mobile Sensor Nodes (AMSNs)

Luca Di Nunzio (University of Rome "Tor Vergata", Italy)

Wednesday, October 20 12:30 - 14:30

R1-1: Parallel Room 1

R1-1.1 12:30 Enhancing LLWAS to Predict LLWS Phenomenon Using Temporal Convolutional Network

Muhammad Ryan (University of Indonesia, Indonesia); Adhi Harmoko Saputro (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia); Ardhasena Sopaheluwakan (Indonesian Agency For Meteorology, Climatology, And Geophysics, Indonesia)

R1-1.2 12:45 BSEVOTING: A Conceptual Framework to Develop Electronic Voting System using Sidechain

Syada Tasmia Alvi (Daffodil International University, Bangladesh); Linta Islam (Jagannath University, Bangladesh); Tamanna Rashme (Uttara University, Bangladesh); Mohammed Nasir Uddin (Jagannath Universuty, Bangladesh)

R1-1.3 13:00 Overview of WBAN from Literature Survey to Application Implementation

Israa Al Barazanchi (College of Computing and Informatics & Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia); Wahidah Hashim (Universiti Tenaga Nasional, Malaysia); Haider Hadi Abbas (Al-Mansour University College, Iraq); Ammar Alkahtani (Universiti Tenaga Nasional & UNITEN, Malaysia); Haider Abdulshaheed (Baghdad College, Iraq)

R1-1.4 13:15 Experimental Analysis of IPv6 Tunneling of Jumbo Frame Transmission using Mikrotik Routers

Arief Marwanto (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) Semarang, Indonesia); Imam Much Ibnu Subroto and Yahya Hidayatullah (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia)

R1-1.5 13:30 A Dimensionality Reduction Approach for Machine Learning Based IoT Botnet Detection

Susanto Susanto (Sriwijaya University & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia); Deris Stiawan (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); M. Agus Syamsul Arifin (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia); Juli Rejito (Universitas Padjadjaran, Indonesia); Mohd. Yazid Idris (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Rahmat Budiarto (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia)

R1-1.6 13:45 Complaint Data Text Analysis Concerning the Apps provided by Government Agency using Inference LDA Adhi Dharma Wibawa and Rizky Eka Listanto (Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, Indonesia)

R1-1.7 14:00 Optimization of Multi-Controller Locations in SDWAN using Various Method

Victor Lamboy Sinaga and Riri Fitri Sari (University of Indonesia, Indonesia)

R1-1.8 14:15 n-gram Effect in Malware Detection Using Multilayer Perceptron (MLP)

Benni Purnama (Universitas Dinamika Bangsa Jambi, Indonesia); Deris Stiawan (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Darmawijoyo Hanapi (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Eko Arip Winanto (Uiversiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Rahmat Budiarto (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia); Mohd. Yazid Idris (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)

R2-1.1 12:30 Smart Loading Management System for Hybrid Photovoltaic/Wind Power Supply

Syafii Syafii, Darwison Darwison and Muhardika Muhardika (Universitas Andalas, Indonesia); Witri Onanda (Padang State Polytechnic, Indonesia)

R2-1.2 12:45 Spiral-Coupled-Line Resonators for Chipless RFID Sensors

Wazie M. Abdulkawi (Riyadh - KSA, Saudi Arabia & King Saud University, Saudi Arabia); Abdel Fattah Sheta (King Saud University, College of Engineering, Saudi Arabia); Ibrahim Elshafiey and Majeed Alkanhal (King Saud University, Saudi Arabia)

R2-1.3 13:00 Load Effect on Switched Reluctance Motor Using Hysteresis Current and Voltage Control

Agus Adhi Nugroho (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA), Indonesia); Muhammad Khosyi'in and Bustanul Arifin (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Muhamad Haddin (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Zainuddin Nawawi (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

R2-1.4 13:15 Fuzzy Logic Controller Application to an Automatic Corn Sheller

Hendra Marta Yudha (Universitas Tridinanti Palembang, Indonesia); Tresna Dewi (Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Pola Risma (Sriwijaya Polytechnic, Indonesia); Yurni Oktarina (Polytechnic Sriwijaya Palembang-Indonesia, Indonesia); Suci Syalifa Zara and Inda Sartika (Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

R2-1.5 13:30 Development of Heater and Mixer Machine With Control System for Biodiesel Production

Made Rahmawaty, Hendriko Hendriko and Engla Puspita Haryanisa (Politeknik Caltex Riau, Indonesia)

R2-1.6 13:45 The AC-DC-AC Converter Design for Parallel Asynchronous Generator Based Microhydro Power Plants

Arief Marwanto (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) Semarang, Indonesia); Muhamad Haddin (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Marwan Rosyadi and Rudi Irmawanto (Universitas Muhammadiyah Surabaya, Indonesia)

R2-1.7 14:00 Leakage Current Monitoring for Electrical Loads Based on Internet of Things

Riky Tri Yunardi, Erwin Sutanto and Aji Akbar Firdaus (Universitas Airlangga, Indonesia); Elsyea Adia Tunggadewi (University of Airlangga, Indonesia)

R2-1.8 14:15 Embedded Alcohol Sensing Design And Analysis For Air Samples

Munaf Ismail (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Arief Marwanto (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) Semarang, Indonesia); Jenny Putri Hapsari (Faculty of Industrial Engineering, Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Muhamad Haddin (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia)

R3-1: Parallel Room 3

R3-1.1 12:30 Determinants of Citizen Adoption to Engage in Instagram for Public Services

Ahmad Hendra Maulana and Putu Wuri Handayani (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)

R3-1.2 12:45 Design Approach in Conference Management System with EZDESK Dashboard for Digital Ecosystem

Muharman Lubis and Iqbal Zunaedi (Telkom University, Indonesia); Ahmad Musnansyah (Telkom University Bandung, Indonesia); Rahmat Fauzi (Telkom University, Indonesia)

R3-1.3 13:00 The Effect of E-Commerce Towards Sales Growth on Social Media among Students in Indonesia

Arif Ridho Lubis and Santi Prayudani (Politeknik Negeri Medan, Indonesia); Muharman Lubis (Telkom University, Indonesia); Al-Khowarizmi Al-Khowarizmi (Universitas Muhammadiyah Sumatera Utara, Indonesia)

R3-1.4 13:15 Resource Reservation in DetNet with AVB

Csaba Simon, Miklós Máté and Markosz Maliosz (Budapest University of Technology and Economics, Hungary)

R3-1.5 13:30 Fuzzy Implementation for Land Spatial Planning

Andi Riansyah (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Rahmat Gernowo (Diponegoro University, Indonesia); Suryono (Faculty of Science and Mathematics Diponegoro University, Indonesia); Dedy Kurniadi (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia)

R3-1.6 13:45 Suitability of FPS and DPS in NOMA for Real-Time and Non-Real Time Applications

Moontasir Rafique, Abdullah Alavi, Aadnan Farhad and Mohammad T. Kawser (Islamic University of Technology, Bangladesh)

R3-1.7 14:00 Imparting Full-Duplex Wireless Cellular Communication In 5G Network Using Apache Spark Engine

Zahraa A. Jaaz (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia); Inteasar Yaseen Khudhair (University of Diyala, Iraq); Hala Mehdy (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia); Israa Al Barazanchi (College of Computing and Informatics & Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia)

R3-1.8 14:15 Calibration of 93.1GHz FOD Detection Radar on Airport Runway using Trihedral Corner Reflector

Nur Aqilah Yusri (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & FRGS, Malaysia); Sevia Mahdaliza Idrus Sutan Nameh (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Norliza Mohamed (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Razak Faculty of Technology and Informatics, Malaysia); Sumiaty Ambran (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology, Malaysia); Farabi Iqbal (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Tetsuya Kawanishi (Waseda University & National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, Japan); Atsushi Kanno (National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, Japan); Nobuhiko Shibagaki (Hitachi Kokusai Electric, Japan); Kenichi Kashima (Hitachi Kokusai Electric Inc., Japan)

R4-1: Parallel Room 4

R4-1.1 12:30 Workspace and Collaboration System Design of Two Robot Manipulators

Tresna Dewi, Rusdianasari Rusdianasari, Rd. Kusumanto and Siproni Siproni (Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

R4-1.2 12:45 Position Control System of Autonomous Underwater Vehicle using PID Controller

Ike Bayusari and Albert Mario Alfarino (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Hera Hikmarika (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Zaenal Husin (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Suci Dwijayanti (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

R4-1.3 13:00 Ultrasonic Multi-Sensor Detection Patterns On Autonomous Vehicles Using Data Stream Method

Eka Nuryanto Budisusila (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung & Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Muhammad Khosyi'in (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Sri Arttini Dwi Prasetyowati (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Zainuddin Nawawi (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

R4-1.4 13:15 YOLO Algorithm-Based Surrounding Object Identification on Autonomous Electric Vehicle

Irvine Valiant Fanthony (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Zaenal Husin (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Hera Hikmarika (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Suci Dwijayanti (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

- R4-1.5 13:30 Strawberry Fruit Quality Assessment for Harvesting Robot using SSD Convolutional Neural Network

 Muhammad Fauzan Ridho (Universitas Multi Data Palembang (UMDP), Indonesia); Irwan Irwan (Universitas Multi Data
 Palembang, Indonesia)
- R4-1.6 13:45 Soil Saturation Level Monitoring in Strawberry Plants for Automatizing Grikulan Watering
 Casi Setianingsih (Telkom University, Indonesia)

R4-1.7 14:00 Integration of Color and Shape Features for Household Object Recognition

Muhammad Attamimi, Djoko Purwanto and Rudy Dikairono (Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, Indonesia)

R4-1.8 14:15 Design of Autonomous Vehicle Navigation Using GNSS Based on Pixhawk 2.1

Muhammad Khosyi'in (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Eka Nuryanto Budisusila (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung & Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Sri Arttini Dwi Prasetyowati (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Zainuddin Nawawi (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

R5-1: Parallel Room 5

R5-1.1 12:30 An Automated Detection and Segmentation of Thyroid Nodules using Res-UNet

Hanung Adi Nugroho, Eka Legya Frannita and Rizki Nurfauzi (Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia)

R5-1.2 12:45 Deep Viewing for Covid-19 Detection from X-Ray Using CNN Based Architecture

Partho Ghose and Uzzal Kumar Acharjee (Jagannath University, Bangladesh); Md. Amirul Islam (World University of Bangladesh); Selina Sharmin and Md. Ashraf Uddin (Jagannath University, Dhaka, Bangladesh)

R5-1.3 13:00 Artificial Intelligence IoT based EEG Application using Deep Learning for Movement Classification

Widhi Winata Sakti (University Of Jember, Indonesia); Khairul Anam and Satryo Utomo (University of Jember, Indonesia); Bambang Marhaenanto and Safri Nahela (Universitas Jember, Indonesia)

R5-1.4 13:15 Combination of DWT Variants and GLCM as a Feature for Brain Tumor Classification

Yohannes Yohannes, Wijang Widhiarso and Indra Pratama (Universitas Multi Data Palembang, Indonesia)

R5-1.5 13:30 White blood cell subtype detection and classification

Nalla Praveen (Indian Institute of Information Technology Allahabad, India); Narinder Punn, Sanjay Kumar Sonbhadra and Sonali Agarwal (Indian Institute of Information Technology, Allahabad, India); Muhammad Syafrullah and Krisna Adiyarta (Universitas Budi Luhur, Indonesia)

R5-1.6 13:45 A Convolutional Neural Network for Arrhythmia Classification: Review

Sarah Kamil and Lamia Muhammed (University of Al-qadisiyah, Iraq)

R5-1.7 14:00 Recommender System of Final Project Topic Using Rule-based and Machine Learning Techniques Cut Fiarni (ITHB, Indonesia)

R5-1.8 14:15 Optimization-based Decision-Making Support for Fuzzy and Probabilistic Order Allocation Planning
Sutrisno Sutrisno (Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia); Widowati Widowati and Heru Tjahjana (Diponegoro University,
Indonesia)

Wednesday, October 20 15:30 - 17:00

R1-2: Parallel Room 1 (cont.)

R1-2.1 15:30 LDP VIDEO TARGET SIMULATOR (LVTS) for Testing Mission Software in Combat Aircrafts Pruthu R (RV College of Engineering, India)

R1-2.2 15:45 Denial of Service Attacks Detection on SCADA Network IEC 60870-5-104 using Machine Learning

M. Agus Syamsul Arifin (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia); Deris Stiawan (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Susanto Susanto (Sriwijaya University & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia); Juli Rejito (Universitas Padjadjaran, Indonesia); Mohd. Yazid Idris (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Rahmat Budiarto (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia)

R1-2.3 16:00 A Review on Energy-Efficient Smart Home Load Forecasting

Zahraa A. Jaaz (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia); Mohd Ezanee Rusli (Universiti Tenaga Nasional, Malaysia); Nur Azzamuddin Rahmat (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia); Inteasar Yaseen Khudhair (University of Diyala, Iraq); Israa Al Barazanchi (College of Computing and Informatics & Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia); Hala Mehdy (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia)

R1-2.4 16:15 Recovery System using SDN Technology for Cyber Attack Solution

Ridho Surya Kusuma (Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Indonesia); Rusydi Umar (University of Ahmad Dahlan, Indonesia)

R1-2.5 16:30 Predictive Model for Regional Elections Results based on Candidate Profiles

Muhammad Fachrie and Farida Ardiani (Universitas Teknologi Yogyakarta, Indonesia)

R1-2.6 16:45 Design and Implementation of Interactive Virtual Museum based on Hand Tracking OpenCV in Indonesia Wibby Aldryani Astuti Praditasari (Indonesia Defense University & Universitas Pertahanan, Indonesia); Ria Aprilliyani (Indonesia Defense University, Indonesia); Ikhwannul Kholis (Universitas Mpu Tantular, Indonesia)

R2-2: Parallel Room 2 (cont.)

R2-2.1 15:30 Review of Method for System Identification on Motors

Bustanul Arifin (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Agus Adhi Nugroho (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA), Indonesia); Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Sri Arttini Dwi Prasetyowati (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia); Zainuddin Nawawi (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

R2-2.2 15:45 Liquid Level Monitoring With Single Layered Rubber Diaphragm Fibre Bragg Grating Sensor

Shazmil Azrai Bin Sopian and Lok Poh Ong (University Technology of Malaysia, Malaysia); Sumiaty Ambran (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology, Malaysia); Puteri Nadiah Syamimi Said Ja'afar (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Habibah Mohamed (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM) & Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology (MJIIT), Malaysia); Nelidya Md. Yusoff (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)

R2-2.3 16:00 Colorimetric System Based on Android Smartphone: Study Case of Total Chlorine Level Prediction Agnes Diza Fahira and Adhi Harmoko Saputro (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)

R2-2.4 16:15 Characterization of Foreign Object Debris Detection at 93.1 GHz using Metallic Cylinder Simulators

Sevia Mahdaliza Idrus Sutan Nameh and Puteri Nadiah Syamimi Said Ja'afar (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Sumiaty Ambran (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology, Malaysia); Azura Hamzah (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia); Norliza Mohamed (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Razak Faculty of Technology and Informatics, Malaysia); Atsushi Kanno (National Institute of Information and Communications Technology,

Japan); Nobuhiko Shibagaki (Hitachi Kokusai Electric, Japan); Kenichi Kashima (Hitachi Kokusai Electric Inc., Japan); Tetsuya Kawanishi (Waseda University & National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, Japan)

- R2-2.5 16:30 Smart Vehicle Management System for Accident Reduction by Using Sensors and An IoT Based Black Box
 Mohammad Minhazur Rahman, A. Z. M. Tahmidul Kabir, Shoumic Zaman Khan, Nahin Akhtar, Abdullah Al Mamun and Shah
 Mohammad Mahmud Hossain (American International University-Bangladesh, Bangladesh)
- R2-2.6 16:45 Hyperspectral and Deep Learning-based Regression Model to Estimate Moisture Content in Sea Cucumbers
 Hendra Angga Yuwono and Adhi Harmoko Saputro (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)

Wednesday, October 20 15:30 - 17:15

R3-2: Parallel Room 3 (cont.)

- R3-2.1 15:30 Mobile Application for Unmanned Ship Monitoring Based on LoRA Communication
 - Afif Zuhri Arfianto (Shipbuilding Institute of Polytechnic Surabaya (PPNS), Indonesia); Lilik Subiyanto (Shipbuilding Institute of Polytechnic Surabaya, Indonesia)
- R3-2.2 15:45 The Next Generation Network in 2030: Applications, Services, and Enabling Technologies
 Romeo Giuliano (Università degli Studi Guglielmo Marconi, Italy)
- R3-2.3 16:00 Physical Layer Security by Interleaving and Diversity: Impact of Imperfect Channel State Information
 Idowu Iseoluwa Ajayi (Institut Supérieur d'Electronique de Paris, France); Yahia Medjahdi (IMT Nord Europe, France); Lina
 Mroueh (Institut Supérieur d'Electronique de Paris, France); Fatima Kaddour (Agence Nationale des Frequences, France)
- R3-2.4 16:15 Techno-Economic Analysis of the NB-IoT Network Planning for Smart Metering Services in Urban Area
 M. Topati Sultan and Muhammad Imam Nashiruddin (Telkom University, Indonesia); Muhammad Adam Nugraha (Peruri
 Research Institute for Authenticity (PRIfA), Indonesia)
- R3-2.5 16:30 Random Phase Multiple Access Network for Public Internet of Things in Batam Island

 Muhammad Imam Nashiruddin and Shelasih Winalisa (Telkom University, Indonesia); Muhammad Adam Nugraha (Peruri
 Research Institute for Authenticity (PRIfA), Indonesia)
- R3-2.6 16:45 Ensembling PCA-based Feature Selection with Random Tree Classifier for Intrusion Detection on IoT Nizar Alsharif (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia)
- R3-2.7 17:00 Impact of Imperfect Channel State Information on Physical Layer Security by Precoding and Diversity
 Idowu Iseoluwa Ajayi (Institut Supérieur d'Electronique de Paris, France); Yahia Medjahdi (IMT Nord Europe, France); Fatima
 Kaddour (Agence Nationale des Frequences, France); Lina Mroueh (Institut Supérieur d'Electronique de Paris, France)

R4-2: Parallel Room 4 (cont.)

- R4-2.1 15:30 Water Quality Monitoring System in Autonomous Underwater Vehicle Based on Internet of Things (IoT)

 Nyiayu Aisyatul Adawiyyah, Ike Bayusari and Suci Dwijayanti (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Hera Hikmarika (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Zaenal Husin and Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia)
- **R4-2.2 15:45** *Sentiment Analysis on Online Transportation Services Using Convolutional Neural Network Method*Casi Setianingsih (Telkom University, Indonesia)
- R4-2.3 16:00 Road Identification Using Convolutional Neural Network on Autonomous Electric Vehicle

 Markus Hermawan (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Zaenal Husin (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Hera Hikmarika

 (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia); Suci Dwijayanti (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia); Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia)
- R4-2.4 16:15 Face Shape-Based Physiognomy in LinkedIn Profiles with Cascade Classifier and K-Means Clustering
 Purwono Purwono (Universitas Harapan Bangsa, Indonesia); Alfian Ma'arif (Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Indonesia); Amanah
 Wulandari (Universitas Harapan Bangsa, Indonesia)
- R4-2.5 16:30 Comparative Study of CNN and YOLOv3 in Public Health Face Mask Detection

Novendra Setyawan (University of Muhammadiyah Malang, Indonesia); Tri Septiana Nadia Putri (Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, Indonesia); Mohamad Fikih and Nur Kasan (University of Muhammadiyah Malang, Indonesia)

R4-2.6 16:45 Crowd Counting Using Region Convolutional Neural Networks

Naufal Akbar and Esmeralda Contessa Djamal (Universitas Jenderal Achmad Yani, Indonesia)

R4-2.7 17:00 Classification of Chili Plant Origin by Using Multilayer Perceptron Neural Network

Dyah Kurniawati Agustika (The University of Warwick, United Kingdom (Great Britain) & Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indonesia); Nur Aeni Ariyanti (Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indonesia); I Nyoman Kusuma Wardana (Politeknik Negeri Bali, Indonesia); Doina D Iliescu and Mark S Leeson (University of Warwick, United Kingdom (Great Britain))

R5-2: Parallel Room 5 (cont.)

R5-2.1 15:30 MAPE accuracy of CPO Forecasting by Applying Fuzzy Time Series

Arif Ridho Lubis and Santi Prayudani (Politeknik Negeri Medan, Indonesia); Yulia Fatmi (Politeknik Negeri Medan Indonesia, Indonesia); Muharman Lubis (Telkom University, Indonesia); Al-Khowarizmi Al-Khowarizmi (Universitas Muhammadiyah Sumatera Utara, Indonesia)

R5-2.2 15:45 Multi-step Time Series Analysis using Hybrid Model of ARIMA and Evolutionary Algorithms

Raghavendra Kumar (KIET Group of Institutions, Delhi NCR Region, India); Pardeep Kumar (Jaypee University of Information Technology & Jaypee Group, India); Yugal Kumar (Jaypee University of Infromation Technology, India)

R5-2.3 16:00 Factory Production Machine Damage Detection System Using Case-Based Reasoning Method

Suhadi (STMIK Bani Saleh & Ministry of Marine Affairs And Fisheries Republic of Indonesia, Indonesia); Marisa Marisa and Muhamad Nur (STMIK Bani Saleh, Indonesia); Prima Dina Atika and Sugiyatno Sugiyatno Sugiyatno II (Universitas Bhayangkara Jakarta Raya, Indonesia); Davi Afandi (STMIK Bani Saleh, Indonesia)

R5-2.4 16:15 Advance Driving Assistance Systems: Object Detection and Distance Estimation Using Deep Learning

Ahmad Alfi Adz-Dzikri (Telkom University, Indonesia); Agus Virgono (Adviser, Indonesia); Fussy M Dirgantara (Telkom University, Indonesia)

R5-2.5 16:30 Performance Analysis of Storage Media Cluster Using Ceph Platform

Nanang Ismail (UIN Bandung, Indonesia); Mufid Ridlo Effendi and Naufal Faruqi (UIN Sunan Gunung Djati Bandung, Indonesia)

R5-2.6 16:45 Digital Business Models Evaluation to Improve Customer Experience in A Telecommunication Company

Feisal Ramadhan Maulana (Universitas Indonesia & PT Telkom Indonesia, Tbk., Indonesia); Putu Wuri Handayani (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)

R5-2.7 17:00 Implementation of Search Engine Optimization (SEO) in Wellness and Beauty Tourism Industry

Evasaria Magdalena Sipayung (Universitas Bunda Mulia, Indonesia); Cut Fiarni (ITHB, Indonesia); Marchel Febrian (Institut Teknologi Harapan Bangsa, Indonesia)

EDAS at 172.30.0.246 for 182.255.0.244 (Mon, 15 Nov 2021 00:16:39 -0500 EST) [User 1380510 using Win10:Chrome 95.0 0.289/1.554 s] Request help

Table of Content

2021 8th International Conference on Electrical Engineering, Computer Science and Informatics (EECSI)

In	vited	Pa	ner
111	VILLU	ııa	DCI

•	90-100GHz Radar for High Precision Foreign Object Debris Detection System: Experience Sharing from Research to Airport Operation Sevia Mahdaliza Idrus Sutan Nameh (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia) 1 Automated feature extraction in deep learning models: A boon or a bane? D. Jude Hemanth (Karunya Institute of Technology and Sciences, India)
Parall	el Room 1
•	Enhancing LLWAS to Predict LLWS Phenomenon Using Temporal Convolutional Network Muhammad Ryan (University of Indonesia, Indonesia), Adhi Harmoko Saputro (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia), Ardhasena Sopaheluwakan (Indonesian Agency For Meteorology, Climatology, And Geophysics, Indonesia)
•	Experimental Analysis of IPv6 Tunneling of Jumbo Frame Transmission using Mikrotik Routers Arief Marwanto (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) Semarang, Indonesia), Imam Much Ibnu Subroto (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia), Yahya Hidayatullah (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia) 22 A Dimensionality Reduction Approach for Machine Learning Based IoT Botnet
•	Detection Susanto Susanto (Sriwijaya University & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia), Deris Stiawan (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), M. Agus Syamsul Arifin (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia), Juli Rejito (Universitas Padjadjaran, Indonesia), Mohd. Yazid Idris (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia), Rahmat Budiarto (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia) 26 Complaint Data Text Analysis Concerning the Apps provided by Government Agency using Inference LDA

 Adni Dharma Wibawa (Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, Indonesia), Rizky Eka Listanto (Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, Indonesia) 31 Optimization of Multi-Controller Locations in SDWAN using Various Method Victor Lamboy Sinaga (University of Indonesia, Indonesia), Riri Fitri Sari (University of Indonesia, Indonesia)
• n-gram Effect in Malware Detection Using Multilayer Perceptron (MLP) Benni Purnama (Universitas Dinamika Bangsa Jambi, Indonesia), Deris Stiawan (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Darmawijoyo Hanapi (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia), Eko Arip Winanto (Uiversiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia), Rahmat Budiarto (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia), Mohd. Yazid Idris (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)
Parallel Room 2
 Smart Loading Management System for Hybrid Photovoltaic/Wind Power Supply Syafii Syafii (Universitas Andalas, Indonesia), Darwison Darwison (Universitas Andalas, Indonesia), Muhardika Muhardika (Universitas Andalas, Indonesia), Witri Onanda (Padang State Polytechnic, Indonesia)
Agung, Indonesia), Muhamad Haddin (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia), Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Zainuddin Nawawi (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia)
 Fuzzy Logic Controller Application to an Automatic Corn Sheller Hendra Marta Yudha (Universitas Tridinanti Palembang, Indonesia), Tresna Dewi (Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Pola Risma (Sriwijaya Polytechnic, Indonesia), Yurni Oktarina (Polytechnic Sriwijaya Palembang-Indonesia, Indonesia), Suci Syalifa Zara (Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Inda Sartika (Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya, Indonesia)
 Made Rahmawaty (Politeknik Caltex Riau, Indonesia), Hendriko Hendriko (Politeknik Caltex Riau, Indonesia), Engla Puspita Haryanisa (Politeknik Caltex Riau, Indonesia) The AC-DC-AC Converter Design for Parallel Asynchronous Generator Based Microhydro Power Plants
Arief Marwanto (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA) Semarang, Indonesia), Muhamad Haddin (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia), Marwan Rosyadi (Universitas Muhammadiyah Surabaya, Indonesia), Rudi Irmawanto (Universitas Muhammadiyah Surabaya, Indonesia) Leakage Current Monitoring for Electrical Loads Based on Internet of Things

Riky Tri Yunardi (Universitas Airlangga, Indonesia), Erwin Sutanto (Universitas Airlangga, Indonesia), Aji Akbar Firdaus (Universitas Airlangga, Indonesia), Elsyea Adia Tunggadewi (University of Airlangga, Indonesia)
Parallel Room 3
 Determinants of Citizen Adoption to Engage in Instagram for Public Services <i>Ahmad Hendra Maulana (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia), Putu Wuri Handayani</i> (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)
Muharman Lubis (Telkom University, Indonesia), Iqbal Zunaedi (Telkom University, Indonesia), Ahmad Musnansyah (Telkom University Bandung, Indonesia), Rahmat Fauzi (Telkom University, Indonesia)
• The Effect of E-Commerce Towards Sales Growth on Social Media among Students in Indonesia Arif Ridho Lubis (Politeknik Negeri Medan, Indonesia), Santi Prayudani (Politeknik
Negeri Medan, Indonesia), Muharman Lubis (Telkom University, Indonesia), Al- Khowarizmi Al-Khowarizmi (Universitas Muhammadiyah Sumatera Utara, Indonesia)
• Resource Reservation in DetNet with AVB
Csaba Simon (Budapest University of Technology and Economics, Hungary), Miklós Máté (Budapest University of Technology and Economics, Hungary), Markosz Maliosz (Budapest University of Technology and Economics, Hungary) 107
 Fuzzy Implementation for Land Spatial Planning
Andi Riansyah (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia), Rahmat Gernowo (Diponegoro University, Indonesia), Suryono Suryono (Faculty of Science and Mathematics Diponegoro University, Indonesia), Dedy Kurniadi (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia)
 Suitability of FPS and DPS in NOMA for Real-Time and Non-Real Time Applications
Moontasir Rafique (Islamic University of Technology, Bangladesh), Abdullah Alavi (Islamic University of Technology, Bangladesh), Aadnan Farhad (Islamic University of Technology, Bangladesh), Mohammad T. Kawser (Islamic University of
 Technology, Bangladesh)
Zahraa A. Jaaz (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia), Inteasar Yaseen Khudhair (University of Diyala, Iraq), Hala Mehdy (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia), Israa Al Barazanchi (College of Computing and Informatics
& Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia)

Nur Aqilah Yusri (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & FRGS,	, Malaysia), Sevia
Mahdaliza Idrus Sutan Nameh (Universiti Teknologi Mala	ysia, Malaysia), Norliza
Mohamed (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Razak Facult	y of Technology and
Informatics, Malaysia), Sumiaty Ambran (Universiti Tekno	ologi Malaysia &
Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology, Mai	laysia), Farabi Iqbal
(Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia), Tetsuya Kawai	nishi (Waseda University
& National Institute of Information and Communications T	Technology, Japan),
Atsushi Kanno (National Institute of Information and Com.	munications Technology,
Japan), Nobuhiko Shibagaki (Hitachi Kokusai Electric, Ja	pan), Kenichi Kashima
(Hitachi Kokusai Electric Inc., Japan)	130

Parallel Room 4

- YOLO Algorithm-Based Surrounding Object Identification on Autonomous Electric Vehicle
 Irvine Valiant Fanthony (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia), Zaenal Husin (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Hera Hikmarika (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Suci Dwijayanti (Sriwijaya University, Indonesia), Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia)

 151

- Design of Autonomous Vehicle Navigation Using GNSS Based on Pixhawk 2.1 Muhammad Khosyi'in (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia), Eka Nuryanto Budisusila (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung & Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Sri Arttini Dwi Prasetyowati (Universitas Islam Sultan

	Agung, Indonesia), Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Zainuddin Nawawi (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia)
Parall	lel Room 5
•	An Automated Detection and Segmentation of Thyroid Nodules using Res-UNet Hanung Adi Nugroho (Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia), Eka Legya Frannita (Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia), Rizki Nurfauzi (Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia) 181
•	Deep Viewing for Covid-19 Detection from X-Ray Using CNN Based Architecture Partho Ghose (Jagannath University, Bangladesh), Uzzal Kumar Acharjee (Jagannath University, Bangladesh), Md. Amirul Islam (World University of Bangladesh), Bangladesh), Selina Sharmin (Jagannath University, Dhaka, Bangladesh), Md. Ashraf Uddin (Jagannath University, Dhaka, Bangladesh) 186
•	Artificial Intelligence IoT based EEG Application using Deep Learning for Movement Classification Widhi Winata Sakti (University Of Jember, Indonesia), Khairul Anam (University of Jember, Indonesia), Satryo Utomo (University of Jember, Indonesia), Bambang Marhaenanto (Universitas Jember, Indonesia), Safri Nahela (Universitas Jember, Indonesia) 192
•	Combination of DWT Variants and GLCM as a Feature for Brain Tumor Classification Yohannes Yohannes (Universitas Multi Data Palembang, Indonesia), Wijang Widhiarso (Universitas Multi Data Palembang, Indonesia), Indra Pratama (Universitas Multi Data Palembang, Indonesia)
•	White blood cell subtype detection and classification Nalla Praveen (Indian Institute of Information Technology Allahabad, India), Narinder Punn (Indian Institute of Information Technology, Allahabad, India), Sanjay Kumar Sonbhadra (Indian Institute of Information Technology, Allahabad, India), Sonali Agarwal (Indian Institute of Information Technology, Allahabad, India), Muhammad Syafrullah (Universitas Budi Luhur, Indonesia), Krisna Adiyarta (Universitas Budi Luhur, Indonesia)
•	A Convolutional Neural Network for Arrhythmia Classification: Review Sarah Kamil (University of Al-qadisiyah, Iraq), Lamia Muhammed (University of Al-qadisiyah, Iraq)
•	Recommender System of Final Project Topic Using Rule-based and Machine Learning Techniques
•	Cut Fiarni (ITHB, Indonesia)
Parall	lel Room 1 (cont.)
•	Denial of Service Attacks Detection on SCADA Network IEC 60870-5-104 using Machine Learning M. Agus Syamsul Arifin (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia), Deris Stiawan (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Susanto Susanto (Sriwijaya University & Universitas Bina Insan, Indonesia), Juli Rejito (Universitas Padjadjaran, Indonesia), Mohd. Yazid Idris (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia), Rahmat Budiarto (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia)

•	A Review on Energy-Efficient Smart Home Load Forecasting
	Zahraa A. Jaaz (Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia), Mohd Ezanee
	Rusli (Universiti Tenaga Nasional, Malaysia), Nur Azzamuddin Rahmat (Universiti
	Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia), Inteasar Yaseen Khudhair (University of
	Diyala, Iraq), Israa Al Barazanchi (College of Computing and Informatics &
	Universiti Tenaga Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia), Hala Mehdy (Universiti Tenaga
	Nasional (UNITEN), Malaysia)
•	Recovery System using SDN Technology for Cyber Attack Solution
, and the second	Ridho Surya Kusuma (Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, Indonesia), Rusydi Umar
	(University of Ahmad Dahlan, Indonesia)241
•	Predictive Model for Regional Elections Results based on Candidate Profiles
•	Muhammad Fachrie (Universitas Teknologi Yogyakarta, Indonesia), Farida Ardiani
	(Universitas Teknologi Yogyakarta, Indonesia)
	Design and Implementation of Interactive Virtual Museum based on Hand Tracking
•	OpenCV in Indonesia
	Wibby Aldryani Astuti Praditasari (Indonesia Defense University & Universitas
	Pertahanan, Indonesia), Ria Aprilliyani (Indonesia Defense University, Indonesia),
Danall	Ikhwannul Kholis (Universitas Mpu Tantular, Indonesia)
r aran	el Room 2 (cont.) Review of Method for System Identification on Motors
•	Bustanul Arifin (Universitas Sriwijaya & Universitas Islam Sultan Agung,
	· ·
	Indonesia), Agus Adhi Nugroho (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung (UNISSULA),
	Indonesia), Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Sri Arttini
	Dwi Prasetyowati (Universitas Islam Sultan Agung, Indonesia), Zainuddin Nawawi
	(Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia)
•	Liquid Level Monitoring With Single Layered Rubber Diaphragm Fibre Bragg
	Grating Sensor
	Shazmil Azrai Bin Sopian (University Technology of Malaysia, Malaysia), Lok Poh
	Ong (University Technology of Malaysia, Malaysia), Sumiaty Ambran (Universiti
	Teknologi Malaysia & Malaysia-Japan International Institute of Technology,
	Malaysia), Puteri Nadiah Syamimi Said Ja'afar (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia,
	Malaysia), Habibah Mohamed (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM) & Malaysia-
	Japan International Institute of Technology (MJIIT), Malaysia), Nelidya Md. Yusoff
	(Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia)
•	Colorimetric System Based on Android Smartphone: Study Case of Total Chlorine
	Level Prediction
	Agnes Diza Fahira (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia), Adhi Harmoko Saputro
	(Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)
•	Characterization of Foreign Object Debris Detection at 93.1 GHz using Metallic
	Cylinder Simulators
	Sevia Mahdaliza Idrus Sutan Nameh (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia),
	Puteri Nadiah Syamimi Said Ja'afar (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Malaysia),
	Sumiaty Ambran (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Malaysia-Japan International
	Institute of Technology, Malaysia), Azura Hamzah (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia,
	Malaysia), Norliza Mohamed (Universiti Teknologi Malaysia & Razak Faculty of
	Technology and Informatics, Malaysia), Atsushi Kanno (National Institute of
	Information and Communications Technology, Japan), Nobuhiko Shibagaki (Hitachi
	Kokusai Electric, Japan), Kenichi Kashima (Hitachi Kokusai Electric Inc., Japan),

	Tetsuya Kawanishi (Waseda University & National Institute of Information and
	Communications Technology, Japan)
•	Smart Vehicle Management System for Accident Reduction by Using Sensors and An IoT Based Black Box
	Mohammad Minhazur Rahman (American International University-Bangladesh,
	Bangladesh), A. Z. M. Tahmidul Kabir (American International University-
	Bangladesh, Bangladesh), Shoumic Zaman Khan (American International
	University-Bangladesh, Bangladesh), Nahin Akhtar (American International
	University-Bangladesh, Bangladesh), Abdullah Al Mamun (American International
	University-Bangladesh, Bangladesh), Shah Mohammad Mahmud Hossain
	·
	(American International University-Bangladesh, Bangladesh)
•	Hyperspectral and Deep Learning-based Regression Model to Estimate Moisture
	Content in Sea Cucumbers
	Hendra Angga Yuwono (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia), Adhi Harmoko Saputro
	(Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)
Paral	lel Room 3 (cont.)
•	Mobile Application for Unmanned Ship Monitoring Based on LoRA
	Communication
	Afif Zuhri Arfianto (Shipbuilding Institute of Polytechnic Surabaya (PPNS),
	Indonesia), Lilik Subiyanto (Shipbuilding Institute of Polytechnic Surabaya,
	<i>Indonesia</i>)
•	The Next Generation Network in 2030: Applications, Services, and Enabling
	Technologies
	Romeo Giuliano (Università degli Studi Guglielmo Marconi, Italy)294
	Physical Layer Security by Interleaving and Diversity: Impact of Imperfect Channel
	State Information
	Idowu Iseoluwa Ajayi (Institut Supérieur d'Electronique de Paris, France), Yahia
	Medjahdi (IMT Nord Europe, France), Lina Mroueh (Institut Supérieur
	d'Electronique de Paris, France), Fatima Kaddour (Agence Nationale des
	Frequences, France) 299
•	Techno-Economic Analysis of the NB-IoT Network Planning for Smart Metering
	Services in Urban Area
	M. Topati Sultan (Telkom University, Indonesia), Muhammad Imam Nashiruddin
	(Telkom University, Indonesia), Muhammad Adam Nugraha (Peruri Research
	Institute for Authenticity (PRIfA), Indonesia)
•	Random Phase Multiple Access Network for Public Internet of Things in Batam
	Island
	Muhammad Imam Nashiruddin (Telkom University, Indonesia), Shelasih Winalisa
	(Telkom University, Indonesia), Muhammad Adam Nugraha (Peruri Research
	Institute for Authenticity (PRIfA), Indonesia)311
•	Ensembling PCA-based Feature Selection with Random Tree Classifier for Intrusion
	Detection on IoT
	Nizar Alsharif (Al Baha University, Saudi Arabia)
	Impact of Imperfect Channel State Information on Physical Layer Security by
•	
	Precoding and Diversity How Isoshura Aigni (Institut Sunániam d'Electronique de Paris France) Valida
	Idowu Iseoluwa Ajayi (Institut Supérieur d'Electronique de Paris, France), Yahia
	Medjahdi (IMT Nord Europe, France), Fatima Kaddour (Agence Nationale des
	Frequences, France), Lina Mroueh (Institut Supérieur d'Electronique de Paris,
	<i>France</i>)322

Parallel Room 4 (cont.)	
 Water Quality Monitoring System in A 	Autonomous Underwater Vehicle Based on
Internet of Things (IoT)	
Nyiayu Aisyatul Adawiyyah (Sriwijaya	u University, Indonesia), Ike Bayusari
(Sriwijaya University, Indonesia), Suc	i Dwijayanti (Sriwijaya University,
Indonesia), Hera Hikmarika (Universi	itas Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Zaenal Husin
(University of Sriwijaya, Indonesia), E	
	ortation Services Using Convolutional Neural
Network Method	8
Casi Setianingsih (Telkom University.	<i>Indonesia</i>)
	nal Neural Network on Autonomous Electric
Vehicle	
	sity, Indonesia), Zaenal Husin (University of
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a (Universitas Sriwijaya, Indonesia), Suci
,	onesia), Bhakti Yudho Suprapto (University of
Sriwijaya, Indonesia)	341
,	nkedIn Profiles with Cascade Classifier and
K-Means Clustering	
<u> </u>	pan Bangsa, Indonesia), Alfian Ma'arif
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a), Amanah Wulandari (Universitas Harapan
·	
	Ov3 in Public Health Face Mask Detection
Novendra Setyawan (University of Mu	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	hammadiyah Malang, Indonesia), Mohamad
<u> </u>	Aalang, Indonesia), Nur Kasan (University of
Muhammadiyah Malang, Indonesia) .	,
Crowd Counting Using Region Convo	
	chmad Yani, Indonesia), Esmeralda Contessa
,	l Yani, Indonesia)359
	Using Multilayer Perceptron Neural Network
•	ersity of Warwick, United Kingdom (Great
Britain) & Universitas Negeri Yogyak	·
(Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·	oina D Iliescu (University of Warwick, United
,	eson (University of Warwick, United Kingdom
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Parallel Room 5 (cont.)	
 MAPE accuracy of CPO Forecasting b 	by Applying Fuzzy Time Series
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Jedan, Indonesia), Santi Prayudani (Politeknik
· ·	ni (Politeknik Negeri Medan Indonesia,
9	University, Indonesia), Al-Khowarizmi Al-
	iyah Sumatera Utara, Indonesia)370
 Factory Production Machine Damage 	
Reasoning Method	<i>y E</i>
	Ministry of Marine Affairs And Fisheries
,	risa Marisa (STMIK Bani Saleh, Indonesia),
<u>. </u>	donesia), Prima Dina Atika (Universitas
Bhayangkara Jakarta Raya, Indonesia	

	(Universitas Bhayangkara Jakarta Raya, Indonesia), Davi Afandi (STMIK Bani Saleh, Indonesia)
•	Advance Driving Assistance Systems: Object Detection and Distance Estimation
	Using Deep Learning
	Ahmad Alfi Adz-Dzikri (Telkom University, Indonesia), Agus Virgono (Adviser,
	Indonesia), Fussy M Dirgantara (Telkom University, Indonesia)381
•	Performance Analysis of Storage Media Cluster Using Ceph Platform
	Nanang Ismail (UIN Bandung, Indonesia), Mufid Ridlo Effendi (UIN Sunan Gunung
	Djati Bandung, Indonesia), Naufal Faruqi (UIN Sunan Gunung Djati Bandung,
	Indonesia) 387
•	Digital Business Models Evaluation to Improve Customer Experience in A
	Telecommunication Company
	Feisal Ramadhan Maulana (Universitas Indonesia & PT Telkom Indonesia, Tbk.,
	Indonesia), Putu Wuri Handayani (Universitas Indonesia, Indonesia)391
•	Implementation of Search Engine Optimization (SEO) in Wellness and Beauty
	Tourism Industry
	Evasaria Magdalena Sipayung (Universitas Bunda Mulia, Indonesia), Cut Fiarni
	(ITHB, Indonesia), Marchel Febrian (Institut Teknologi Harapan Bangsa,
	Indonesia)

Water Quality Monitoring System in Autonomous Underwater Vehicle Based on Internet of Things (IoT)

Nyiayu Aisyatul Adawiyyah

Department of Electrical Engineering

aisyahadawiyyah@gmail.com

Ike Bayusari

Department of Electrical Engineering Faculty of Engineering, Sriwijaya University Faculty of Engineering, Sriwijaya University Faculty of Engineering, Sriwijaya University Ogan Ilir 30662 Sumatera Selatan, Indonesia Ogan Ilir 30662 Sumatera Selatan, Indonesia Ogan Ilir 30662 Sumatera Selatan, Indonesia ikebayusari@yahoo.co.id

Hera Hikmarika

Department of Electrical Engineering

herahikmarika@gmail.com

Zaenal Husin

Department of Electrical Engineering zaenalhusin@gmail.com

Suci Dwijayanti

Department of Electrical Engineering sucidwijayanti@ft.unsri.ac.id

Bhakti Yudho Suprapto

Department of Electrical Engineering Faculty of Engineering, Sriwijaya University Faculty of Engineering, Sriwijaya University Faculty of Engineering, Sriwijaya University Ogan Ilir 30662 Sumatera Selatan, Indonesia Ogan Ilir 30662 Sumatera Selatan, Indonesia Ogan Ilir 30662 Sumatera Selatan, Indonesia bhakti@ft.unsri.ac.id

Abstract— Water is a resource needed by mankind in many ways. Water quality is comparable to the benefits of water so that if the water quality decreases it will affect who will take advantage of it. Therefore, it is necessary to monitor the water quality to see the condition of water quality. For this purpose, this monitoring uses Autonomous Underwater Vehicle (AUV) that can move automatically. AUV is equipped with sensors such as pH sensors, total dissolved solids sensors, dissolved oxygen sensors and temperature sensors as water quality determinant parameters. The water quality obtained on the surface of Lake OPI Jakabaring at a depth of 9.45 cm is in normal condition where for the sensor value is: pH = 6.23; temperature = 33.45 °C; DO = 2.97 mg/L; TDS = 40.64 ppm and at a depth of 110.73 cm is in very good condition where for the sensor value is: pH = 7.65; temperature = 29.92 °C; DO = 5.14 mg/L; TDS = 29.33 ppm. Then it is done sending IoTbased data by using esp8266 module as a tool to send data to the website. The website can display the water condition that is

Keywords— Monitoring, pH, Total Dissolved Solids, Dissolved Oxygen, Temperature, Internet of Things.

monitored according to the parameters and each sensor.

I. INTRODUCTION

Indonesia is an island nation with many territorial glasses of water and seas. For the sea area to be utilized to the maximum, it is necessary to develop technology that can observe and explore the seas of Indonesia. One of them is by using an underwater robot or commonly referred to as a Remote Operated Underwater Vehicle (ROV). However, the ROV has limitations in maneuvering because the ROV is controlled via cable by the operator on board. To overcome these weaknesses, autonomous underwater vehicles (AUV) are developed with more flexible maneuverability and can move automatically to reach further areas.

One mission that requires far browsing coverage is water quality monitoring. AUV can carry out water quality monitoring tasks effectively and efficiently. Water quality monitoring is necessary because the role of water is so important for biota. Biota water needs a suitable environment to survive [1]. If the water quality is polluted, the water biota will be difficult to survive, resulting in a decrease in the amount of water biota. Therefore, efforts are needed to maintain water quality, one of which is through water quality control. Previously, water quality monitoring was done by manually collecting data, which depended on the human ability to collect water sample data, then analyzed in the laboratory. This method still uses manual calculations so it is considered not efficient. As a solution to overcome these weaknesses, Internet of Things (IoT) technology is needed that does not require water sample data to be taken to the laboratory. IoT is an integration of many newly developed digital or information technologies. The latest technologies now use IoT as a platform for monitoring and assessing water quality. IoT in terms of water quality monitoring is quite relevant for sustainable accounting purposes. It's difficult to assess water and sources clean enough to be consumed without any monitoring of water quality. In addition, IoT is quite important in its benefits because any potential water pollution arising from the point source can quickly be identified.

Previous studies have focused only on changes in water quality within a limited range as well as communication media that still have limitations on the distance between the sender and receiver. Therefore, the author will discuss water quality monitoring using IoT technology applied to autonomous underwater vehicles (AUV).

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

In this research, a water quality monitoring system will be conducted using AUV as the underwater robot, using data transmission and internet of things media.

A. Water Quality

Water quality refers to water quality that meets the criteria for a particular purpose. Requirements such as water quality standards vary depending on the purpose of their use. For example, irrigation water and drinking water have different quality standards. Based on article 1 of the Minister of State for Environment Regulation No. 115 of 2003, water quality is a qualitative state of water that is tested according to certain parameters and methods according to the prevailing laws and regulations [2]. Water quality testing criteria are chemical, physical, biological testing, especially for color and smell. Water quality management is a method of water maintenance to achieve the water quality necessary to ensure that it remains in its natural state. Standard indicators of river water quality and drinking water can be seen in table 1.

TABLE I. WATER QUALITY STANDARD

No.	Parameters	Unit	Water	Drinking
			Quality	Water
			Standard	Quality
			(River	Standard
			Water) PP	(Permenkes
			82 of 2001	RI No 492 of
				2010)
1	Temperature	°C	3-5	±3
2	Total Dissolved Solids	PPM	1000	500
3	pН	-	5-9	6.5-8.5
4	Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0-6	-

B. Water Quality Parameters

1) Dissolved Oxygen (DO)

Dissolved oxygen is the amount of oxygen dissolved in water through photosynthesis as well as absorption by air. To know the quality of water in the water, it is considered some chemical parameters such as dissolved oxygen. The greater the DO value the better the quality of the water. Aquatic organisms need oxygen to breathe and must be dissolved in water. If the oxygen supply is limited and insufficient, all the activity of the organism in the water will also be restrained. Idealnya, do content for 8 hours at least 1.7 mg/L. Generally, scientists agree that water biota requires concentrations of 5.0 mg/L or more for dissolved oxygen for water biota to survive and develop. However, the oxygen required depends on the size and complexity of the biota and its place of residence [3].

2) Temperature

The main factor of water quality is temperature because the temperature can affect the metabolic activity of water biota. Water temperature will affect the surrounding environment and provide a fresh taste for the community, but the local climate or type of water source will affect the water temperature. Water temperature is affected by weather conditions. Factors that affect water temperature are humidity, temperature, wind speed, sunlight, precipitation. Water-friendly temperatures are normal between 27°C and 32°C, with a relatively small drop in temperature (from 32°C to 28°C). The growth of aquatic organisms increases along with rising temperatures. If the temperature is too high, the water biota can experience death [4].

3) Power of Hydrogen (pH)

pH is an important parameter for determining water quality. The pH value describes the amount of hydrogen in the water. In general, the value at pH represents the condition of the water whether acidic or alkaline. The concept of pH was originally proposed in 1909 by Danish chemist Soren Peder Lauritz Sorensen. Pure water is neutral water and has a pH of 7.0 at 25°C. This is due to its high pH and H+ content. Conversely, the higher the H+ ion, the lower the pH. Water that has a low pH or is too acidic can cause water biota to be killed. This is because water at a low

pH also reduces the concentration of dissolved oxygen in the water. On this basis the following conclusions can be drawn, high-quality water has a pH of 6.5-9 and the optimum range is pH 7.5-8.7 [5]. At pH solution values below 7 are considered acidic and pH solutions above 7 are considered alkaline.

4) Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)

TDS is required as an important parameter in determining water conditions because the salt concentration in water is very high and seawater contains many chemical compounds, therefore TDS is used to measure the amount of dissolved salt content in water. The use of TDS measuring instruments to detect TDS in water in the form of sticks which tool can work automatically and can display the number of pollutants present in the water. TDS values in seawater are higher because they contain many compounds that also cause high salinity and conductivity [6] [7].

C. Autonomous Underwater Vehicle (AUV)

An AUV is a type of underwater vehicle that can move without human control based on the commands given. The AUV carries a variety of equipment to be used for surveying and sampling such as cameras, sonar, depth sensors, pH level sensors, and dissolved oxygen sensors. AUV stores all data, including images and other sensor data, the stored data can be retrieved when the AUV has climbed to the surface. The AUV can dive from sea level to sea depth and then will come back again automatically.

D. Internet of Things (IoT)

The term IoT refers to access to electronic devices over the internet. This device can be accessed due to human connection with a device or device with any internet-connected device. Access to this device occurs because of the need to share data, share access permissions and consider the security of access. IoT uses programmatic parameters, where each parameter command can generate an automatic connection between connected *machines* without any manual intervention and no limit to distance. IoT can use electronic devices such as Arduino microcontrollers to develop specific purposes and can be developed as an application integrated into the android operating system. The IoT concept is illustrated in Figure 1 below.



Figure 1. IoT Concepts

III. METHODS

This research was conducted in Lake OPI Jakabaring Palembang South Sumatra, Indonesia. This study is generally divided into two parts, namely system design and system testing.

A. Design System

At the design stage, there is a flow chart created as a stage for this research shown in Figure 2.

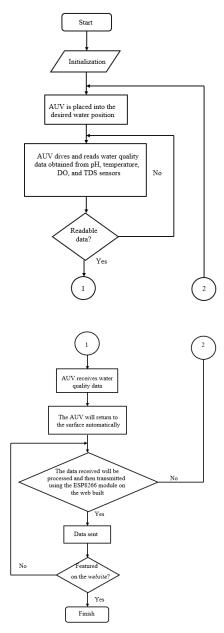


Figure 2. Flowchart Research

B. Hardware Design

In future research, some hardware is needed that helps to make the tool a medium for retrieving water data. The hardware needed is a microcontroller, sensors, and communication media.

1) Microcontroller

A microcontroller is a complete microprocessor system contained within a chip. Microcontrollers generally contain minimal microprocessor system support components, namely memory, and Input-Output programming. In this study, the authors used the Arduino Mega 2560 microcontroller as shown in Figure 3. Arduino Mega 2560 is equipped with ATMEGA 2560 that has 54 digital inputs/outputs where 16 pins are used as PWM output, 16 analog inputs. It also has a USB connection, power, ICSP, and reset button. It requires microcontroller support by connecting it to a computer with a USB cable to turn it on using AC or DC and can also use a battery.



Figure 3. Arduino Mega 2560

2) pH Meter

A pH meter is a device for measuring acidity, also known as a device that measures the concentration of hydrogen ions in a solution. Typically, the results of pH measurements are based on known electrochemical potentials in glass electrodes between solutions outside unknown glass electrodes. Probes are an important part of the pH meter and electrodes have a nut rod-like structure. Under the electrode is a light bulb that is a sensitive part of the probe that contains the sensor. To measure the pH of the solution, soak the probe in solution, the probe attaches to an arm called an arm probe. The pH meter display used is seen in Figure 4.



Figure 4. pH Meter

3) Temperature Sensor

DS18B20 is used in this study and shown in Figure 5. The DS18B20 temperature sensor is a sensor that can read temperature values at an accuracy of 9 to 12 Bits and in the range of accuracy of -55 to 125°C. The working principle of the DS18B20 sensor itself is to regulate the amount of heat and cold energy generated through an object, then the symptoms of temperature changes can be understood or detected in analog output values [4].



Figure 5. DS18B20

4) Dissolved Oxygen Sensor

The working principle of DO meters is based on the polarization that occurs between two electrodes: the cathode and the anode. A negative potential is applied to the cathode. This negative voltage causes a rapid chemical reaction between water and dissolved oxygen on the cathode surface. When all oxygen is diffused on the surface of the cathode electrode, the dissolved oxygen value is obtained from the current value. In other words, the current that flows when the

system reaches a saturation voltage equals the amount of dissolved oxygen [5]. DO is shown in Figure 6.



Figure 6. Dissolved Oxygen Sensor

5) Total Dissolved Solids Sensor

TDS sensors are used to measure TDS values. The TDS sensor kit is precise and can transmit data to the control system. It is compatible and easy to use with Arduino as well as plug and play. PPM is the unit used to measure TDS. Here is the shape of the components of the TDS in Figure 7.



Figure 7. TDS Sensor

6) Wifi Module (ESP8266)

ESP8266 is a *wifi* module used as an enhancement for microcontrollers such as Arduino, so it can connect directly to *wifi* to create a TCP/IP connection. ESP8266 display is shown in Figure 8. This module requires a power supply of about 3.3 V to 5 V and is only a *wifi* model: station, access point, or both. The module also comes with a processor, memory, and GPIO and the number of pins depends on the type of ESP8266 used. In this way, the module can be used independently without a microcontroller, because it already has a device such as a microcontroller.



Figure 8. Wifi Module (ESP8266)

C. Website Monitoring Design

The website is designed as a display of water quality levels monitored by the AUV. Built-in web displays contain water quality data based on temperature, pH, TDS, and DO sensors. Website mockups are created using Visual Studio Code with the Code Igniter framework. For the data to appear, this monitoring data use the IoT architecture that can be seen in Figure 9, where the architecture starts by retrieving data through data on the sensor using a microcontroller, and then the data is sent to ESP8266 with serial communication to be sent to the server via wi-fi network by API intermediary on Code Igniter.

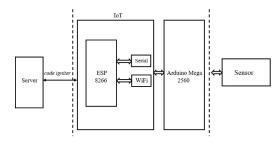


Figure 9. IoT Architecture

D. System Testing

At this stage, tests will be conducted on predesigned systems. Testing is conducted to know the success and errors of the system that has been designed. In the process of testing the AUV will be placed on the surface of the water, then the AUV will enter the water and begin collecting data obtained from sensors that read the quality of the water. The sensors will start working and read the pH, temperature, DO, and TDS levels of the intended water. If the data is successfully read the data will be forwarded to the next process i.e. the AUV will rise back to the surface automatically. On the surface, the AUV will send the data using a communication module to the website that is built to view the data as well as display the water quality of each parameter. Testing is also conducted to determine the performance of the test, namely the accuracy of the reading of the AUV sensor as well as the functionality of the website to be built.

IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The discussion in this chapter is about the results of the implementation of AUV to measure water quality levels in areas studied in real-time with IoT technology. The way AUV works in measuring water quality levels starts from sensor readings to receipt of data to be viewed through the website.

A. Tool Design

AUV has two microcontroller units that each serves to control the movement of the AUV as well as read the parameters of the water quality sensor. The AUV is made to move using a propeller controlled by one of the microcontrollers with the help of a motor driver. Other microcontrollers measure water quality on some sensors located on the left outside of the AUV. Figure 10 shows the view of the AUV.



Figure 10. AUV

AUV that is ready to use is then tested the results of sensor readings so that the sensor readings on the AUV are thorough and accurate. The sensors tested included pH sensors, DO sensors, TDS sensors, and temperature sensors.

B. Sensor Advancement on AUV

Testing is conducted to get the best results for water quality monitoring systems.

1) pH Sensor Testing

This test was conducted by comparing the pH reading value with the digital pH meter as a reference. PH testing samples use several solutions such as pH 4.01 buffer solution, pH 6.86 buffer solution, and soapy water solution. Test results can be found in Table 2.

TABLE II. pH SENSOR TESTING

Solution Name	Sensor Readings	Measuring Instrument Reading	Difference in Value
Buffer Solution 4.01	4.09	4.0	0.09
Buffer Solution 6.86	6.86	6.9	0.04
Soapy Water Solution	9.92	9.9	0.02

Based on the results of the test, it can be seen that the sensor readings and measuring instrument readings do not differ much or in other words, the sensor readings are accurate so that the sensor can be used to measure water quality parameters. The difference in the reading value on the sample buffer solution with a pH of 4.01 is 0.09, the buffer solution with a pH of 6.86 is 0.04, and the solution from soapy water is 0.02.

2) Temperature Sensor Testing

In this discussion will be conducted temperature sensor testing with several conditions, namely cold water temperature conditions, normal water, and hot water to find out the performance temperature sensor in the sample. The temperature sensor value reading compared to the temperature reading on the digital thermometer measuring instrument is shown in Table 3.

TABLE III. TEMPERATURE SENSOR TESTING

temperature	Sensor Readings	Measuring Instrument Reading	Difference in Value	
Cold Water	9.91	9.9	0.01	
Normal Water	29.62	29.4	0.22	
Hot Water	52.1	52.1	0	

From the results of the temperature sensor test above, it can be seen that the results of temperature sensor readings are close to the digital thermometer reading value. In cold water temperature conditions, there is a difference in the value of 0.01 °C, the normal water temperature has a difference of the value of 0.22 °C and in hot water temperature conditions, there is no difference in value difference between the temperature sensor and digital thermometer measuring device. This indicates that the

temperature sensor used can already be one of the water quality parameters.

3) DO Sensor Testing

Furthermore, a value test is performed on the DO sensor where the DO sensor measures the level of dissolved oxygen contained in the water. Before being tested, the DO sensor must first be filled with a NaOH solution on the membrane cap contained in the sensor probe. Testing is conducted with several types of mineral water, tap water, and pool water whose results can be seen in Table 4.

TABLE IV. DO SENSOR TESTING

Solution	Sensor	Water Condition		
Name	Readings			
mineral	7.84	Excellent		
water				
Tap Water	7.29	Excellent		
Pool Water	5.75	good		

Based on doing sensor test data if the DO value is categorized based on water condition value reference [8] then mineral water and tap water are in very good condition and pool water is in good condition, which means that it indicates that the DO sensor used can already measure DO values in various categories of DO that have been determined so that the DO sensor can be used to measure the DO value which is one of the water quality parameters

4) TDS Sensor Testing

TDS sensor testing is conducted at the beginning of the calibration process on the sensor. The TDS sensor is calibrated using 500 ppm TDS Calibration Liquid Water. The test value is shown in Figure 11.

TDS Value:498ppm
TDS Value:498ppm
TDS Value:500ppm
TDS Value:502ppm
TDS Value:504ppm
TDS Value:504ppm
TDS Value:504ppm
TDS Value:506ppm

Figure 11. TDS Sensor Testing

Based on Figure 5, the value of the TDS sensor is close to the calibration water value of 500 ppm so that the TDS sensor can read the dissolved salt content in water and can be used on the AUV as one of the parameters.

5) Sensor Performance in Research

Sensor performance is calculated to be able to know the level of accuracy of the sensors used in this study. Performance is calculated by various metrics such as error percentage and MAPE (Mean Absolute Percentage Error). Following is the error percentage equation:

Error Percentage =
$$\frac{tool\ value-sensor\ value}{tool\ value} \times 100\%$$
(1)

Once the error percentage value in the data is calculated, the MAPE value that includes the overall error percentage can be calculated by calculating the average value of that error percentage. MAPE calculations are intended to measure the accuracy of the readings of the sensors used. The MAPE equation is shown as follows:

$$MAPE = \sum_{t=1}^{amount\ of\ data} \left| \frac{tool\ value - sensor\ value}{tool\ value} \right| \times 100\%. \tag{2}$$

The results of the perfomation calculation can be seen in Table 5.

TABLE V. CALCULATION OF ERROR PERCENTAGE OF PH SENSOR AND TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Sensor Parameters	Error (%)	MAPE
	0.022%	
pH Sensor	0.005%	6.2%
_	0.002%	
Т	0.001%	
Temperature Sensor	`0.007%	2.8%
Sellsor	0%	

From the results of the error and MAPE can be seen that the percentage of the overall error value of the pH sensor is 6.2% and on the temperature sensor by 2.8%. DO and TDS sensors are not calculated due to the absence of comparisons with the measuring instrument so cannot determine the error value of the sensor test.

C. Internet of Things (IoT) System Testing

Testing of IoT-based data delivery systems using ESP8266 modules through coding intermediaries on the Arduino Mega 2560 microcontroller. The address of the website that was built is siapbot1.com/tugasakhiraisyah/. The data received is stored through the database and further displayed on the website.

1) Sending Wifi Connected

ESP8266 connects to the wifi network by using the Arduino Mega serial pin and further creates an Arduino program where ESP8266 is given a command to detect the specified wifi network. ESP8266 program view can be seen in Figure 12.

```
#include<KRwifi.h>
char* ssid = "belikuota";
char* pass = "jangankepohehe";

void setup() {
   Serial.begin(9600);
   setWifi(ssid, pass);
}

void loop() {
```

Figure 12. ESP8266 programming on Arduino

System testing is done by sending data to the internet where the microcontroller must be connected to the internet network using ESP8266 as an intermediary wifi module. The module can connect microcontrollers on the internet network and access the process of sending data to a predetermined server address. The result of the connection between the microcontroller to wifi via the intermediary ESP8266 module can be seen in Figure 13.

```
13:24:36.953 -> [WiFiEsp] Initializing ESP module
13:24:40.682 -> [WiFiEsp] Initializing ESP module
13:24:40.728 -> [WiFiEsp] Initilization successful - 2.0.0
13:24:51.871 -> [WiFiEsp] Connected to belikuota
13:24:51.919 -> [WiFi]: Kamu Berhasil Terhubung ke belikuota
13:24:51.965 -> [WiFi]: SSID: belikuota
13:24:52.058 -> [WiFi]: IP Address: 192.168.43.178
13:24:52.104 -> [WiFi]: Kekuatan Sinyal (RSSI):-402 dBm
```

Figure 13. Wifi Connected

2) Data View on the Website

The data is sent to the database server in the form of sensor values that become parameters of water quality monitoring, including the value of pH sensors, temperature sensors, TDS sensors, and DO sensors. The data will be displayed on the address of the website that has been built. The display of water quality monitoring conditions in the water of Lake OPI Jakabaring Palembang can be seen in Figure 14 to Figure 17.

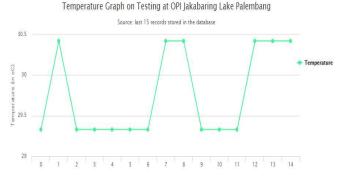


Figure 14. Temperature Data Visualization View in Graph

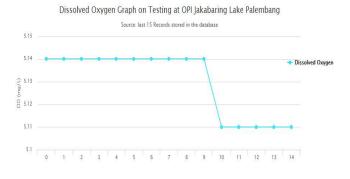


Figure 15. DO Data Visualization View in Graphs



Figure 16. TDS Data Visualization View in Graph



Figure 17. pH Data Visualization View in Graph

Figures 6 - 9 represent visualizations of website addresses viewed through PCs and Handphones. The data displayed on the website works in real-time by providing 15 of the latest data that is on the database server. It can be said that the process of sending data through IoT works well and can be seen through the address of the website built. The IoT of this research works is that it starts from a microcontroller as a data processing site from sensor readings installed at measuring points which is then sent to NodeMCU through serial communication between the microcontroller and NodeMCU. The data is then sent to the database server over the internet network so that it can be accessed from anywhere for monitoring and control purposes to prevent obstacles in the power supply process. The process of sending data requires a pause of ± 9 seconds in the transmission of data to the database server and will continue to grow as the amount of data entered the database increases. Data sent on the database server in Figure 18.

←⊺	→	~	id 🔺 1	ph	do	suhu	tds	depth	fuzzy	waktu
	Ø Edit 3-€ Copy	Delete	395	5.7	2.97	33.45	42.43	0.83	Medium	2021-06-08 17:24:49
	Ø Edit 3 € Copy	Delete	396	6.36	2.97	33.41	47.34	5.4	Medium	2021-06-08 17:24:58
	Ø Edit 3-€ Copy	Delete	397	6.23	2.97	33.41	40.64	5.07	Medium	2021-06-08 17:25:07
	€ Edit 3-6 Copy	Delete	398	6.48	2.97	33.4	40.64	6.89	Medium	2021-06-08 17:25:16
	Ø Edit 3-€ Copy	Delete	399	6.23	2.97	33.45	40.64	9.45	Medium	2021-06-08 17:25:26
	Ø Edit 3 € Copy	Delete	400	6.39	2.97	33.43	40.64	15.21	Medium	2021-06-08 17:25:35
	Ø Edit 3 € Copy	Delete	401	6.2	2.97	33.46	41.98	17.83	Medium	2021-06-08 17:25:46
	Ø Edit 3 € Copy	Delete	402	6.53	2.97	33.51	41.98	20.78	Medium	2021-06-08 17:25:55
	Ø Edit 3 € Copy	Delete	403	6.45	2.97	33.53	40.64	21.92	Medium	2021-06-08 17:26:04
	Ø Edit 3€ Copy	Delete	404	6.43	2.97	33.49	40.64	22	Medium	2021-06-08 17:26:13
	Ø Edit 3 € Copy	Delete	405	6.44	2.97	33.54	40.64	25.74	Medium	2021-06-08 17:26:22
	Ø Edit 3€ Copy	Delete	406	6.59	2.97	33.57	40.64	24.93	Medium	2021-06-08 17:26:30
	Ø Edit ¾ Copy	Delete	407	6.37	2.97	33.58	41.98	27.93	Medium	2021-06-08 17:26:39
	Ø Edit	Delete	408	6.47	3	33.52	40.64	32.79	Medium	2021-06-08 17:26:49
	Ø Edit ¾ Copy	Delete	409	5.98	3.07	33.52	40.64	34.32	Medium	2021-06-08 17:26:58
	Ø Edit	Delete	410	5.96	4.43	33.54	41.98	35.53	Medium	2021-06-08 17:27:07
	Ø Edit ¾€ Copy	Delete	411	5.99	7.14	33.55	41.98	41.23	Good	2021-06-08 17:27:16
	Ø Edit ≩€ Copy	Delete	412	5.33	7.14	33.62	41.98	47.93	Medium	2021-06-08 17:27:25
	Ø Edit George Copy Output Description Line Line	Delete	413	4.73	7.14	33.63	43.33	50.39	Medium	2021-06-08 17:27:34
	€ Edit 3 Copy	Delete	414	4.56	7.14	33.62	41.98	52.22	Medium	2021-06-08 17:27:44
	Ø Edit 3€ Copy	Delete	415	4.5	7.14	33.62	348.33	58.46	Bad	2021-06-08 17:27:53
	Ø Edit 3€ Copy	Delete	416	5.36	7.14	33.68	438.83	57.98	Bad	2021-06-08 17:28:02
	Ø Edit	Delete	417	5.62	7.14	33.65	41.98	56.96	Good	2021-06-08 17:28:11
	Ø Edit ≩€ Copy	Delete	418	5.71	7.14	33.68	235.01	56.88	Good	2021-06-08 17:28:20
	Ø Edit	Delete	419	5.69	7.14	33.66	41.98	55.93	Good	2021-06-08 17:28:29

Figure 18. Test Data at Lake OPI Jakabaring on Database Server

V. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the research that has been done, it can be concluded that the sensors used to measure water quality parameters in AUV have an average error value of 6.2% for pH sensors and 2.8% for temperature sensors. Data reading sensor water quality parameters can be stored in the database and can be monitored in real-time on the website so it can be said that IoT-based data delivery works well. Furthermore, the water quality reading performance also worked well with the water quality obtained on the surface of Lake OPI Jakabaring Palembang was in normal condition at a depth of 9.45 cm where the value on each sensor was worth 6.23 for pH, 33.45 °C for temperature, 2.97 mg/L for dissolved oxygen and 40.64 ppm for total dissolved solids, then continued at the depth of Lake OPI Jakabaring Palembang is in excellent condition at a depth of 110.73 cm where the value on each sensor is worth 7.65 for pH, 29.92°C for temperature, 5.14 mg/L for dissolved oxygen and 29.33 ppm for total dissolved solids.

REFERENCES

- [1] F. Tatangindatu, O. Kalesaran, and R. Rompas, "Study of the parameters of water chemistry physics in fish cultivation area in Lake Tondano, Paleloan Village, Minahasa Regency," *E-Journal Budid. Water.*, vol. 1, no. 2, 2013.
- [2] K. N. L. Life, "Decree of the Minister of Environment No. 115 on Guidelines for Determining Water Quality Status by Pollution Index Method." Deputy MENLH. Jakarta, 2003.
- [3] Salmin, "Dissolved Oxygen (DO) and Biological Oxygen Needs (BOD) as One of the Indicators to Determine the Quality of The Waters," Oseana, 2005.
- [4] I. A. Rozaq and N. Y. DS, "Test the characterization of the arduino unobased waterproof DS18b20 temperature sensor as one of the water quality parameters," *Pros. SNATIF*, pp. 303–309, 2017.
- [5] M. G. H. Kordi and A.B. Tancung, "Water quality management in aquaculture," *Rineka Cipta. Jakarta*, vol. 208, 2007.
- [6] A. Nurrohim, T.B. Sanjoto, and W. Setyaningsih, "Study of SeaWater Intrusion in Coastal Areas of Rembang District, Rembang Regency," *Geo-Image*, vol. 1, no. 1, 2012.
- [7] R. Afrianita, T. Edwin, and A. Alawiyah, "Analysis of Seawater Intrusion with Measurement of Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) of Gali Well Water in North Padang Subdistrict," *J. Dampak*, 2017, doi: 10.25077/dampak.14.1.62-72.2017.
- [8] E. Ramsden, Hall-Effect Sensors. 2006.