

BirdingASIA—Bulletin of the Oriental Bird Club

CONSERVATION ALERT

Ongoing slaughter of Eyebrowed Thrush Turdus obscurus in Sumatra: another species heading for oblivion?

MUHAMMAD IQBAL, INDRA YUSTIAN, ARUM SETIAWAN & DONI SETIAWAN

Iqbal et al. (2014) reported the hunting of large numbers of Eyebrowed Thrush Turdus obscurus by local villagers in South Sumatra province, Sumatra, Indonesia, in January 2013. It was estimated that about 50% of a large roosting flock estimated at about 1,000 birds was slaughtered by hunters with airguns in a single night. Subsequently, following up reports on Facebook, we investigated accounts of further hunting for food of Eyebrowed Thrushes during 2017 and 2018 by villagers in Riau province, Sumatra. Some postings on Facebook accounts explained that hunting of Eyebrowed Thrushes has been a local tradition for a long time; a testament to this is that an old trap of the type used to snare the species is displayed in a local museum in Riau province.

Our concern was aroused when a group of Indonesian birdwatchers discussed the significance of the hunting of Eyebrowed Thrushes on Facebook in late December 2018. Their discussion was a result of a posting by Husni Andreas Pertama, who lives in Bangkinang, Riau province. He posted an image of a large number of dead Eyebrowed Thrushes that he had shot using an airgun; we estimate that there are between 500 and 1,000 corpses in the image (Plate 1). Another image on Facebook showed that he also sold Eyebrowed Thrushes in the local market (Plate 2). The birds were identified as Eyebrowed Thrush by the following characters: medium size passerine, lower bill and legs yellow, prominent white eyebrow, plumage olive-brown above, orange breast and

Plate 1. A large number of Eyebrowed Thrush *Turdus obscurus* slaughtered using an airgun, Bangkinang, Riau province, Sumatra, Indonesia, 25 December 2018.



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Plate 2. Eyebrowed Thrush for sale in a traditional market, Bangkinang, 25 December 2018.

flanks. These features fit well with descriptions of Eyebrowed Thrush in Robson (2008), Eaton *et al.* (2016) and Collar (2019).

We investigated further postings on Facebook accounts during 2017 and 2018 which referred to Eyebrowed Thrush in Sumatra. Our findings are summarised here; the majority of these relate to Riau province, and we list these in date order:

Facebook postings about Eyebrowed Thrush from Riau province

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- Atika Novita posted that she had roasted a small number of Eyebrowed Thrushes in Teluk village, Pelalawan district, on 4 April 2017.
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- 23) Zulkifli Zul posted an image of a seller who had more than 100 Eyebrowed Thrushes for

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- 24) Delawati Rich posted an image of probably more than 80 birds ready to cook at an unspecified location in Riau province (Plate 4) on 21 December 2018.
- 25) Elsha Dhez Fenriho posted an image showing at least 40 dead birds offered for sale in Cerenti, Kuantan Singingi district, on 23 December 2018; one bird was priced at Rp 5,000 (US\$ 0.3).
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Plate 4. At least 80 birds ready to cook at an unspecified location, Riau province, 21 December 2018.

Plate 3. Another seller who advertised Eyebrowed Thrush online with more than 100 birds for sale, Rumbio, Kampar district, 10 December 2018.



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Plate 5. The hunters show birds captured in a mist-net, Siak, 25 December 2018.

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33) Rizal Rara (see also 12, above) made a series of postings advertising Eyebrowed Thrush for sale from 8 December 2018 to 7 January 2019 (Plate 6) in Bangkinang; one bird was offered for Rp 10,000 (US\$ 0.7). The numbers involved must have been large.

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Plate 6. Images from a Facebook post advertising the availabity of Eyebrowed Thrush for sale online between 8 December 2018 and 7 January 2019 in Bangkinang.





October each year, staying there until they return north in mid-April. The birds are of the same size and appearance and, because they do not lay eggs, it is impossible to say which are male and which female. They roost in the forest around Sitapung but fly off to feed in West Sumatra and the local population catch the birds by day.

MI has heard of a similar story told by local people in Riau province. They say that *Burung Kuaran* (the local name there for Eyebrowed Thrush) is a very special bird because male and female are indistinguishable, and no nest or egg has ever been found. The arrival of large numbers of this bird in their area is a delivery from their god as a gift for them to eat. Some hunters use special spells (magical incantations) to ask the god for help to hunt as many birds as possible.

Discussion

The Eyebrowed Thrush is not one of the avian species on the updated Indonesian protected list issued on 1 August 2018 (Ministry of Forestry and Environment 2018). Indeed, the species is listed as Least Concern by the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (BirdLife International 2016). Here, with the evidence of extensive hunting in Sumatra, we propose that this species should be urgently listed as a protected species in Indonesia. Until now there seemed to be no reason to regard the Eyebrowed Thrush as a threatened species, but increased annual harvesting levels of this magnitude, driven by social media, could quickly reduce regional populations to the point of local extinction. Protection of the species from massive hunting in Indonesia will help arrest a rapid decline of its populations at local and global scales. Airguns, both homemade and commercial, are readily available in Indonesia. Their use goes unremarked and is uncontrolled to the extent that we believe that the scale of hunting and slaughter of Eyebrowed Thrush and other species using these weapons is largely unknown and goes uncounted.

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By Arum Setiawan

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Plate 2. Eyebrowed Thrush for sale in a traditional market, Bangkinang, 25 December 2018.

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MI has heard of a similar story told by local people in Riau province. They say that *Burung Kuaran* (the local name there for Eyebrowed Thrush) is a very special bird because male and female are indistinguishable, and no nest or egg has ever been found. The arrival of large numbers of this bird in their area is a delivery from their god as a gift for them to eat. Some hunters use special spells (magical incantations) to ask the god for help to hunt as many birds as possible.

Discussion

The Eyebrowed Thrush is not one of the avian species on the updated Indonesian_protected list issued on 1 August 2018 (Ministy of Forestry and Environment 2018). Indeed, the species is listed as Least Concern by the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (BirdLife International 2016). Here, with the evidence of extensive hunting in Sumatra, we propose that this species should be urgently listed as a protected species in Indonesia. Until now there seemed to be no reason to regard the Eyebrowed Thrush as a threatened species, but increased annual harvesting levels of this magnitude, driven by social media, could quickly reduce regional populations to the point of local extinction. Protection of the species from massive hunting in Indonesia will help arrest a rapid decline of its populations at local and global scales. Airguns, both homemade and commercial, are readily available in Indonesia. Their use goes unremarked and is uncontrolled to the extent that we believe that the scale of hunting and slaughter of Eyebrowed Thrush and other species using these weapons is largely unknown and goes uncounted.

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Ongoing slaughter of Eyebrowed Thrush Turdus obscurus in Sumatra: another species heading for oblivion?

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FORMAT PENILAIAN (VALIDASI & PEER REVIEW)

LEMBAR

HASIL PENILAIAN SEJAWAT SEBIDANG ATAU \emph{PEER} \emph{REVIEW}

KARYA ILMIAH : JURNAL ILMIAH

Jurnal Artikel Ilmiah	: Ongoing slaughter of Ey	e-browed Thrush Turdus obscurus in Sumatra:
	another species heading	for oblivion?
Penulis Artikel Ilmiah	: Arum Setiawan	
Identitas Jurnal Artikel Ilmiah	: a. Nama Jurnal	: Birding Asial
	b. Nomor/Volume/Hal:	: 1/30/16-20
	c. Edisi (bulan/tahun)	: Desember/2018
	d. Penerbit	: Oriental Bird Club, UK
	e. Jumlah Halaman	5
Kategori Publikasi Jurnal Ilmiah	: Jurnal Ilmiah Interna	asional Bereputasi
(beri √ pada kategori yang tepat)	Jurnal Ilmiah Interna	asional
	Jurnal Ilmiah Nasior	nal Terakreditasi S1, S2
	☐ Jurnal Ilmiah Nasior	nal Terakreditasi S3, S4

I. Hasil Penilaian Validasi:

No.	ASPEK	URAIAN/KOMENTAR PENILAIAN
1.	Indikasi Plagiasi	1 %
2.	Linearitas	Sudah linier dengan bidang biologi konservasi

☐ Jurnal Ilmiah Nasional Tidak Terakreditasi

II. Hasil Penilaian Peer Review:

	Nilai Maksimal Jurnal Ilmiah (isikan di kolom yang sesuai) Nila					Nilai Akhir
Komponen Yang Dinilai	Internasional Bereputasi (Maks 40)	Internasional (Maks 20)	Nasional Terakreditasi S1, S2 Maks 25	Nasional Terakreditasi S3, S4 Maks 20	Nasional tidak Terakredit asi (maks 10)	Yang Diperoleh
Kelengkapan dan						
Kesesuaian unsur isi jurnal (10%)		2				2
Ruang lingkup dan kedalaman pembahasan (30%)		6				6
Kecukupan dan Kemutahiran data/informasi dan metodologi (30%)		6				4
Kelengkapan unsur dan kualitas penerbit (30%)		6				6
Total = (100%)		20				18
Kontribusi Pengusul (Penulis Pertama /Anggota Utama)	Anggota Utama = $(0.4 \times 18)/3 = 2.4$				2,4	
KOMENTAR/ULASAN						
Kelengkapan dan Kesesuaian Unsur:					g digunakan,	
Ruang Lingkup dan Kedalaman Pembahasan:	Hasil penelitian dibahas secara komprehensif dengan penyampaian pembanding dari temuan-temuan penelitian lainnya dan teori terkait. Referensi yang diacu dalam pembahasan sudah cukup update untuk bidang kajian ini.					
Kecukupan & Kemutakhiran Data & Metodologi:	Data-data hasil penelitian cukup baik dan didukung peta lokasi sampling dan gambar yang ditampilkan menarik. Data didapatkan dengan menggunakan metode yang standard tidak terlalu mutakhir.					
Kelengkapan Unsur & Kualitas Penerbit:	Penerbit Oriental Bird Club, UK berkualitas baik, tidak termasuk predatory publisher, dan jurnal tidak terindeks di scopus.					

Surabaya, 15 Mei 2020 Penilai 1

Prof. Hery Purnobasuki, M.Si., Ph.D. NIP 196705071991021001

: Jurusan Biologi FST Unair Unit Kerja

Bidang Ilmu : Biologi Jabatan/Pangkat : Guru Besar/ Pembina Utama Madya

FORMAT PENILAIAN (VALIDASI & PEER REVIEW) LEMBAR

HASIL PENILAIAN SEJAWAT SEBIDANG ATAU PEER REVIEW

KARYA ILMIAH : JURNAL ILMIAH

	10 111111111111111111111111111111111111			
Jurnal Artikel Ilmiah	: Ongoing slaughter of Eye another species heading	e-browed Thrush Turdus obscurus in Sumatra: g for oblivion?		
Penulis Artikel Ilmiah	: Arum Setiawan			
Identitas Jurnal Artikel Ilmiah	: a. Nama Jurnal	: Birding Asial		
	b. Nomor/Volume/Hal	: 1/30/16-20		
	c. Edisi (bulan/tahun)	: Desember/2018		
	d. Penerbit	: Oriental Bird Club, UK		
	e. Jumlah Halaman	:5		
Kategori Publikasi Jurnal Ilmiah	: U Jurnal Ilmiah Interna	sional Bereputasi		
(beri v pada kategori yang tepat)	Jurnal Ilmiah Internasional			
	☐ Jurnal Ilmiah Nasion	al Terakreditasi S1, S2		
	☐ Jurnal Ilmiah Nasion	al Terakreditasi S3, S4		
	☐ Jurnal Ilmiah Nasion	al Tidak Terakreditasi		

I. Hasil Penilaian Validasi:

	don't cimaran ranaa			
No.	ASPEK	URAIAN/KOMENTAR PENILAIAN		
1.	Indikasi Plagiasi	1 %		
2.	Linearitas	V		

II. Hasil Penilaian Peer Review:

	Nilai	Maksimal Jurnal	Ilmiah (isikan d	i kolom yang se:	suai)	Nilai Akhir Yang Diperoleh
Komponen Yang Dinilai	Internasiona I Bereputasi (Maks 40)	Internasiona (Maks 20)	Nasional Terakreditas i S1, S2 Maks 25	Nasional Terakreditas i S3, S4 Maks 20	Nasional tidak Terakredit asi (maks 10)	
Kelengkapan dan Kesesuaian unsur isi jurnal (10%)		2				2
Ruang lingkup dan kedalaman pembahasan (30%)		6				6
Kecukupan dan Kemutahiran data/informasi dan metodologi (30%)		6				6
Kelengkapan unsur dan kualitas penerbit (30%)		6				6
Total = (100%)		20				20
Kontribusi Pengusul (Penulis Pertama /Anggota Utama)	Birding Asial Vol. 30(1): 16-20. Desember 2018 Penulis ke 3 dari 4 penulis. Nilai maksimal 100 %. Nilai pengusul: (0,4 x 1 x 20/3) = 2,67					2,6
KOMENTAR/ULASAN PER	ER REVIEW					
 Kelengkapan dan Kesesuaian Unsur: 	Unsur lengkap dan sesuai.					
 Ruang Lingkup dan Kedalaman Pembahasan: 	Ruang lingkup masih terkait bidang ilmu. Pembahasan singkat tetapi baik dan jelas.				an jelas.	
 Kecukupan & Kemutakhiran Data & Metodologi: 	Data bisa dite	rima dan metod	le cukup baik.			
 Kelengkapan Unsur & Kualitas Penerbit: 	Penerbit Orie	ntal Bird Club, U	JK. Penerbit cuk	cup berkualitas.		

Yogyakarta, 12 Juli 2020

tanda tanga

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Unit Kerja : Fakultas Biologi UGM

Bidang Ilmu : Biologi

Jabatan/Pangkat : Guru Besar/ Pembina Utama Madya