

**SKRIPSI**

**KARAKTERISTIK DARAH BEBERAPA VARIASI KERBAU  
RAWA PAMPANGAN DI KECAMATAN RAMBUTAN  
KABUPATEN BANYUASIN SUMATERA SELATAN**



**NETTA PERMATA SARI  
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**FAKULTAS MATEMATIKA DAN ILMU PENGETAHUAN ALAM  
UNIVERSITAS SRIWIJAYA  
2015**

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**Diajukan untuk memenuhi salah satu syarat memperoleh gelar  
Sarjana Sains Bidang Studi Biologi Pada Fakultas Matematika Dan Ilmu  
Pengetahuan Alam Universitas Sriwijaya**



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FAKULTAS MATEMATIKA DAN ILMU PENGETAHUAN ALAM  
UNIVERSITAS SRIWIJAYA  
2015**

## **HALAMAN PENGESAHAN**

# **KARAKTERISTIK DARAH BEBERAPA VARIASI KERBAU RAWA PAMPANGAN DI KECAMATAN RAMBUTAN KABUPATEN BANYUASIN SUMATERA SELATAN**

### **SKRIPSI**

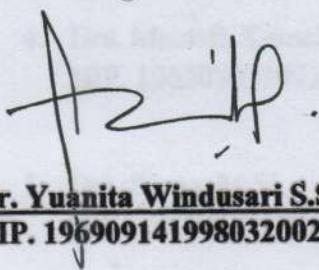
**Diajukan Untuk Melengkapi Salah Satu Syarat Memperoleh Gelar  
Sarjana Sains Ilmu Biologi**

**OLEH :**

**NETTA PERMATA SARI  
08111004016**

**Indralaya, April 2015**

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**Drs. Erwin Nofyan M.Si.  
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## HALAMAN PERSETUJUAN

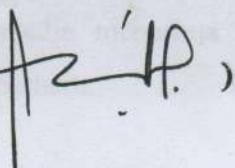
Karya tulis ilmiah berupa Skripsi ini dengan judul "Karakteristik darah beberapa variasi kerbau rawa Pampangan di Kecamatan Rambutan Kabupaten Banyuasin Sumatera Selatan" telah dipertahankan di hadapan tim penguji karya tulis ilmiah Fakultas Matematika dan Ilmu Pengetahuan Alam Universitas Sriwijaya pada tanggal 11 Maret 2015

Indralaya, April 2015

Tim penguji karya tulis ilmiah berupa Skripsi

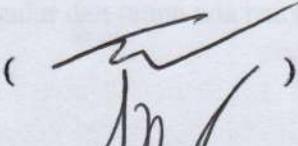
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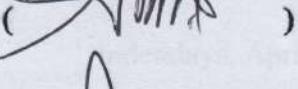
1. Dr. Yuanita Windusari S.Si., M.S.i  
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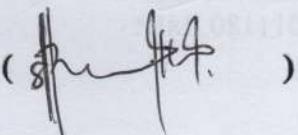
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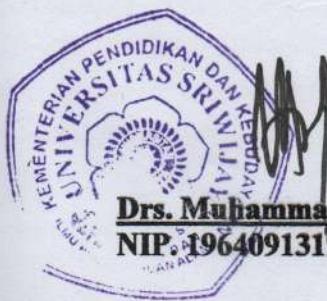
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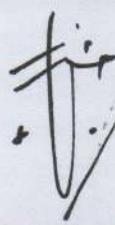
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Memberikan izin kepada Pembimbing dan Universitas Sriwijaya untuk mempublikasikan hasil penelitian saya untuk kepentingan akademik apabila dalam waktu 1 (satu) tahun tidak mempublikasikan karya penelitian saya. Dalam kasus ini saya setuju untuk menempatkan Pembimbing sebagai penulis korespondensi (Corresponding author)

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Inderalaya, April 2015

Netta Permata Sari  
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## RINGKASAN

KARAKTERISTIK DARAH BEBERAPA VARIASI KERBAU RAWA  
PAMPANGAN DI KECAMATAN RAMBUTAN KABUPATEN BANYUASIN  
SUMATERA SELATAN

Karya tulis ilmiah berupa Skripsi, April 2015

Netta Permata Sari; Dibimbing oleh Yuanita Windusari dan Erwin Nofyan

xiv +, 43 Halaman 7 Tabel, 12 Gambar, 6 lampiran

## RINGKASAN

Kabupaten Banyuasin memiliki topografi 80% berupa wilayah datar yang terdiri oleh dataran lahan rawa pasang surut dan rawa lebak, sedangkan 20% lagi berombak sampai bergelombang berupa lahan kering. Kabupaten Banyuasin memiliki suhu rata - rata  $26 - 27^{\circ}\text{C}$  dan kelembaban relatif 69,4% - 85,5% dengan rata-rata curah hujan 2.723 mm/tahun. Pengamatan karakteristik darah dari beberapa variasi kerbau rawa di Kecamatan Rambutan Kabupaten Banyuasin Provinsi Sumatera Selatan dilakukan pada bulan November 2014 sampai Maret 2015 di laboratorium Fisiologi Hewan, Jurusan Biologi Fakultas Matematika dan Ilmu Pengetahuan Alam, Universitas Sriwijaya, dengan tujuan untuk mengamati dan menganalisis karakteristik darah (sel darah merah dan sel darah putih) dari beberapa variasi kerbau rawa Pampangan. Penelitian ini diharapkan dapat memberikan informasi awal dan gambaran morfologi serta jumlah sel darah merah (eritrosit) dan sel darah putih (leukosit) kerbau rawa pampangan. Penelitian ini dilakukan dengan metode hemositometer untuk menghitung jumlah sel darah, dan metode two slide untuk mengamati morfologi sel darah. Hasil menunjukkan jumlah eritrosit pada kerbau rawa variasi hitam sebanyak  $10.18 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , kerbau rawa variasi Lampung  $8.945 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , kerbau rawa variasi belang  $8.250 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , dan pada kerbau rawa variasi Merah  $9.155 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ . Jumlah leukosit pada kerbau rawa variasi hitam sebanyak  $27 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , kerbau rawa variasi Lampung  $25.2 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , kerbau rawa variasi belang  $19.6 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , dan pada kerbau rawa variasi Merah  $23.6 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$  dan didapatkan gambaran morfologi sel darah terdiri dari eritrosit, leukosit (Neutrofil, Basofil, Eosinofi, Limfosit dan Monosit). Berdasarkan hasil penelitian didapatkan kesimpulan (1) Jumlah eritrosit tertinggi dimiliki kerbau rawa variasi hitam sebanyak  $10.18 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , diikuti variasi merah sebanyak  $9.155 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , kerbau rawa variasi lampung sebanyak  $8.945 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , dan jumlah terendah pada kerbau rawa variasi belang sebanyak  $8.250 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ . (2) Jumlah leukosit tertinggi dimiliki kerbau rawa variasi hitam sebanyak  $27 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , diikuti jumlah leukosit pada kerbau rawa variasi lampung  $25.2 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , kerbau rawa variasi belang sebanyak  $19.6 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , dan jumlah terendah kerbau rawa variasi merah sebanyak  $23.6 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ . (3) Morfologi eritrosit dari empat variasi kerbau rawa berbentuk bikonkaf dengan diameter  $7,5 \mu\text{m}$ . (4) Morfologi neutrofil kerbau rawa variasi hitam dan lampung tergolong kelompok II (neutrofil segmen) sedangkan

pada kerbau rawa variasi belang dan merah neutrofil tergolong kelompok I (neutrofil batang). (5) Limfosit pada kerbau rawa dari ke empat variasi termasuk kedalam limfosit kecil karena hanya mempunyai ukuran 5  $\mu\text{m}$  sampai 7,5  $\mu\text{m}$ .

Kata Kunci : Kerbau Rawa Pampangan, Eritrosit, Leukosit.  
Kepustakaan : 55 (1980 – 2014).

With supervision by Dr. Yusrita Wijandini S.Si., M.Sc. and

Doc. Drs. R. Nurul M.Sc.

10x40 grates, 1 mm thick slides, 8 attachment

District of Banyumas has a topography of 38% in the form of a flat region comprising the plains of tidal wetlands and flood swamps, whereas 33% have slopes to a low-lying form of dry land. District of Banyumas have average temperature 25-27 °C and a relative humidity of 69.4% - 87.5% with an average rainfall of 2,723 mm/year. Observations have characteristics of four variations in the district swamp buffalo district members Banyumas South Sumatra collected in November 2014 through January 2015 in the laboratory of Animal Pathology, Department of Biology, Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, University of Sriwijaya Palembang, with the purpose of observing and testing the blood profiles (red blood cells and white blood cells) from the swamp buffalo Pampangan zone variation contained in District Banyumas South Sumatra. This study is expected to provide initial information on morphological as well as the number of red blood cells (erythrocytes) and white blood cells (leukocytes) swamp buffalo pampangan. This study was conducted using a hemacytometer to count the numbers of blood cells, and consists of two steps to observe the morphology of blood cells. The results show the number of erythrocytes in swamp buffaloes variation as much as  $1.25 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffaloes variation as many as  $1.12 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffaloes striped variation  $8.56 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , and the swamp buffaloes Red variation  $9.25 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ . The species of leukocytes is swamp buffalo Black variation  $1.27 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffaloes striped variation  $25.7 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffaloes striped variation  $19.8 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , and the swamp buffaloes Red variation  $10.7 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , and it was done blood cell morphology consisting of granular leukocytes (neutrophils, eosinophils, basophils), lymphocytes as a small number. Based on the result, it was concluded (1) The highest number of granular ciliated swamp buffalo Black variations as much as  $12.18 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$  followed by red variation as much as  $9.17 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , variations of swamp buffaloes striped as much as  $7.65 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , and the lowest number in swamp buffaloes of striped variation as many as  $4.20 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ . (2) The leukocytes highest swamp buffalo Black variations as much as  $27.0 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$  followed by the number of leukocytes in swamp buffaloes striped variation as much as  $25.7 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffaloes striped variation as much as  $19.8 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffaloes striped variation as much as  $10.7 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ .

## **SUMMARY**

### **SOME VARIATION CHARACTERISTICS OF BLOOD SWAMP BUFFALO IN DISTRICT RAMBUTAN PAMPANGAN BANYUASIN SOUTH SUMATRA**

Scientific papers in the form of thesis, February 2015

Netta Permata Sari; Supervised by Dr. Yuanita Windusari S.SI., M.Si and

Drs. Erwin Nofyan M.Sc.

xii + 47 pages, 1 table, 24 images, 8 attachments

District of Banyuasin has a topography of 80% in the form of a flat region comprising the plains of tidal wetlands and lowland swamp, whereas 20% more choppy to undulating form of dry land. District of Banyuasin have average temperature 26-27 ° C and a relative humidity of 69.4% - 85.5% with an average rainfall of 2,723 mm / year. Observations blood characteristics of some variations in the district swamp buffalo district rambutan banyuasin South Sumatra conducted in November 2014 through January 2015 in the laboratory of Animal Physiology, Department of Biology, Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, University of Sriwijaya, Indralaya, with the purpose to observe and analyze the characteristics blood (red blood cells and white blood cells) from swamp buffalo Pampangan some variation contained in District Rambutan Banyuasin, South Sumatra. This study is expected to provide initial information and morphological as well as the number of red blood cells (erythrocytes) and white blood cells (leukocytes) swamp buffalo pampangan. This study was conducted using a hemocytometer to count the number of blood cells, and methods of two slides to observe the morphology of blood cells. The Results shows the number of erythrocytes in swamp buffalo black variation of as much as  $10.18 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffalo variation lampung  $8945 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffalo striped variations  $8,250 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , and the swamp buffalo Red variation  $9155 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ . The number of leukocytes in swamp buffalo black variation of  $27 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffalo lampung variation  $25.2 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffalo striped variation  $19.6 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , and the swamp buffalo Red variation  $23.6 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ . and it was shown blood cell morphology consisting of erythrocytes, leukocytes (neutrophils, Basophils, Eosinofi, lymphocytes and monocytes). Based on the result, it was concluded (1) The highest number of erythrocytes owned swamp buffalo black variations as much as  $10.18 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , followed by red variation as much as  $9155 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , variations of swamp buffalo lampung as much as  $8945 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ , and the lowest number in the swamp buffalo of striped variation as many as  $8,250 \times 10^6 / \text{mm}^3$ . (2) The number of leukocytes highest swamp buffalo black variation of as much as  $27 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , followed by the number of leukocytes in swamp buffalo lampung variation  $25.2 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ , swamp buffalo striped variations as much as  $19.6 \times 10^3 / \text{mm}^3$ .

103 / mm, and the lowest amount of red swamp buffalo variations as much as 23.6 x 103 / mm<sup>3</sup>. (3) The morphology of erythrocytes of four variations of swamp buffalo biconcave shape with a diameter of 7,5  $\mu\text{m}$ . (4) Morphological of neutrophils of variation swamp buffalo black and Lampung classified as group II (neutrophils segment) whereas the striped variation of swamp buffalo and red neutrophils belong to a group I (neutrophils rod). (5) Lymphocytes in swamp buffalo of the four variations included into small lymphocytes because just having a size of 5  $\mu\text{m}$  to 7,5  $\mu\text{m}$ .

**Key Words :** Swamp buffalo Pampangan, erythrocytes, leukocytes.

**Bibliography:** 55 (1980 – 2014).